

CUDNN LIBRARY

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User Guide

www.nvidia.com cuDNN Library

Chapter 1. INTRODUCTION

NVIDIA[®] cuDNN is a GPU-accelerated library of primitives for deep neural networks. It provides highly tuned implementations of routines arising frequently in DNN applications:

- Convolution forward and backward, including cross-correlation
- Pooling forward and backward
- Softmax forward and backward
- Neuron activations forward and backward:
 - Rectified linear (ReLU)
 - Sigmoid
 - Hyperbolic tangent (TANH)
- Tensor transformation functions
- LRN, LCN and batch normalization forward and backward

cuDNN's convolution routines aim for performance competitive with the fastest GEMM (matrix multiply) based implementations of such routines while using significantly less memory.

cuDNN features customizable data layouts, supporting flexible dimension ordering, striding, and subregions for the 4D tensors used as inputs and outputs to all of its routines. This flexibility allows easy integration into any neural network implementation and avoids the input/output transposition steps sometimes necessary with GEMM-based convolutions.

cuDNN offers a context-based API that allows for easy multithreading and (optional) interoperability with CUDA streams.

Chapter 2. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

2.1. Programming Model

The cuDNN Library exposes a Host API but assumes that for operations using the GPU, the necessary data is directly accessible from the device.

An application using cuDNN must initialize a handle to the library context by calling cudnnCreate(). This handle is explicitly passed to every subsequent library function that operates on GPU data. Once the application finishes using cuDNN, it can release the resources associated with the library handle using cudnnDestroy(). This approach allows the user to explicitly control the library's functioning when using multiple host threads, GPUs and CUDA Streams. For example, an application can use cudaSetDevice() to associate different devices with different host threads and in each of those host threads, use a unique cuDNN handle which directs library calls to the device associated with it. cuDNN library calls made with different handles will thus automatically run on different devices. The device associated with a particular cuDNN context is assumed to remain unchanged between the corresponding cudnnCreate() and cudnnDestroy() calls. In order for the cuDNN library to use a different device within the same host thread, the application must set the new device to be used by calling cudaSetDevice() and then create another cuDNN context, which will be associated with the new device, by calling cudnnCreate().

2.2. Notation

As of CUDNN v4 we have adopted a mathematicaly-inspired notation for layer inputs and outputs using **x**, **y**, **dx**, **dy**, **b**, **w** for common layer parameters. This was done to improve readability and ease of understanding of parameters meaning. All layers now follow a uniform convention that during inference

```
x = layerFunction(y, otherParams).
```

And during backpropagation

```
(dx, dOtherParams) = layerFunctionGradient(x,y,dy,otherParams)
```

For convolution the notation is

y = x*w+b

where **w** is the matrix of filter weights, **x** is the previous layer's data (during inference), **y** is the next layer's data, **b** is the bias and ***** is the convolution operator. In backpropagation routines the parameters keep their meanings. **dx**, **dy**, **dw**, **db** always refer to the gradient of the final network error function with respect to a given parameter. So **dy** in all backpropagation routines always refers to error gradient backpropagated through the network computation graph so far. Similarly other parameters in more specialized layers, such as, for instance, **dMeans** or **dBnBias** refer to gradients of the loss function wrt those parameters.

w is used in the API for both the width of the x tensor and convolution filter matrix. To resolve this ambiguity we use w and filter notation interchangeably for convolution filter weight matrix. The meaning is clear from the context since the layer width is always referenced near it's height.

2.3. Tensor Descriptor

The cuDNN Library describes data holding images, videos and any other data with contents with a generic n-D tensor defined with the following parameters :

- a dimension dim from 3 to 8
- a data type (32-bit floating point, 64 bit-floating point, 16 bit floating point...)
- dim integers defining the size of each dimension
- dim integers defining the stride of each dimension (e.g the number of elements to add to reach the next element from the same dimension)

The first two dimensions define respectively the batch number **n** and the number of features maps **c**. This tensor definition allows for example to have some dimensions overlapping each others within the same tensor by having the stride of one dimension smaller than the product of the dimension and the stride of the next dimension. In cuDNN, unless specified otherwise, all routines will support tensors with overlapping dimensions for forward pass input tensors, however, dimensions of the output tensors cannot overlap. Even though this tensor format supports negative strides (which can be useful for data mirroring), cuDNN routines do not support tensors with negative strides unless specified otherwise.

2.3.1. WXYZ Tensor Descriptor

Tensor descriptor formats are identified using acronyms, with each letter referencing a corresponding dimension. In this document, the usage of this terminology implies :

- all the strides are strictly positive
- the dimensions referenced by the letters are sorted in decreasing order of their respective strides

2.3.2. 4-D Tensor Descriptor

A 4-D Tensor descriptor is used to define the format for batches of 2D images with 4 letters : N,C,H,W for respectively the batch number, the number of feature maps, the height and the width. The letters are sorted in decreasing order of the strides. The commonly used 4-D tensor formats are :

- ► NCHW
- NHWC
- ► CHWN

2.3.3. 5-D Tensor Description

A 5-D Tensor descriptor is used to define the format of batch of 3D images with 5 letters : N,C,D,H,W for respectively the batch number, the number of feature maps, the depth, the height and the width. The letters are sorted in descreasing order of the strides. The commonly used 5-D tensor formats are called :

- NCDHW
- NDHWC
- CDHWN

2.3.4. Fully-packed tensors

A tensor is defined as **XYZ-fully-packed** if and only if :

- the number of tensor dimensions is equal to the number of letters preceding the fully-packed suffix.
- the stride of the i-th dimension is equal to the product of the (i+1)-th dimension by the (i+1)-th stride.
- the stride of the last dimension is 1.

2.3.5. Partially-packed tensors

The partially 'XYZ-packed' terminology only applies in a context of a tensor format described with a superset of the letters used to define a partially-packed tensor. A WXYZ tensor is defined as **xyz-packed** if and only if :

- the strides of all dimensions NOT referenced in the -packed suffix are greater or equal to the product of the next dimension by the next stride.
- the stride of each dimension referenced in the -packed suffix in position i is equal to the product of the (i+1)-st dimension by the (i+1)-st stride.
- if last tensor's dimension is present in the -packed suffix, it's stride is 1.

For example a NHWC tensor WC-packed means that the c_stride is equal to 1 and w_stride is equal to c_dim x c_stride. In practice, the -packed suffix is usually with slowest changing dimensions of a tensor but it is also possible to refer to a NCHW tensor that is only N-packed.

2.3.6. Spatially packed tensors

Spatially-packed tensors are defined as partially-packed in spatial dimensions.

For example a spatially-packed 4D tensor would mean that the tensor is either NCHW HW-packed or CNHW HW-packed.

2.3.7. Overlapping tensors

A tensor is defined to be overlapping if a iterating over a full range of dimensions produces the same address more than once.

In practice an overlapped tensor will have stride[i-1] < stride[i]*dim[i] for some of the i from [1,nbDims] interval.

2.4. Thread Safety

The library is thread safe and its functions can be called from multiple host threads, even with the same handle. When sharing a handle across host threads, extreme care needs to be taken to ensure that any changes to the handle configuration in one thread do not adversely affect cuDNN function calls in others. This is especially true for the destruction of the handle. It is not recommended that multiple threads share the same cuDNN handle.

2.5. Reproducibility (determinism)

By design, most of cuDNN's routines from a given version generate the same bit-wise results at every run when executed on GPUs with the same architecture and the same number of SMs. However, bit-wise reproducibility is not guaranteed across versions, as the implementation of a given routine may change. With the current release, the following routines do not guarantee reproducibility because they use atomic add operations:

- cudnnConvolutionBackwardFilter when CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_FILTER_ALGO_0 or CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_FILTER_ALGO_3 is used
- cudnnConvolutionBackwardData when CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_DATA_ALGO_0 is used
- cudnnPoolingBackward when CUDNN_POOLING_MAX is used

2.6. Scaling parameters alpha and beta

Many cuDNN routines like **cudnnConvolutionForward** take pointers to scaling factors (in host memory) used to blend the source value with prior value in the destination tensor as follows: dstValue = alpha[0]*srcValue + beta[0]*priorDstValue. When beta[0] is zero, the output is not read and can contain any uninitialized data (including NaN). The

storage data type for alpha[0], beta[0] is float for HALF and SINGLE tensors, and double for DOUBLE tensors. These parameters are passed using a host memory pointer.

For improved performance it is advised to use beta[0] = 0.0. Use a non-zero value for beta[0] only when blending with prior values stored in the output tensor is needed.

2.7. GPU and driver requirements

cuDNN v4.0 supports NVIDIA GPUs of compute capability 3.0 and higher and requires an NVIDIA Driver compatible with CUDA Toolkit 7.0.

2.8. Backward compatibility and deprecation policy

When we want to change the API of an already implemented functionnality, we will create a new routine with the same name appended with a suffix _v<n> where n represents the cuDNN version where that new API was introduced. This way, we can guarantee backward compatibility with the previous version of cuDNN Library. However, in order to facilitate the maintenance and keep the API as clean as possible, we want to be able to deprecate and then eliminate the previous API entries and eventually remove also the new suffixed ones to only keep the unsuffixed entries mapped to the new API. To achieve this, we introduce the following deprecation policy:

- the former API entries will be renamed with a suffix _v<f> where f represents a cuDNN version anterior to the new API.
- the unsuffixed API entry will be mapped to the deprecated entry until the former API entry with an anterior suffix _v<f> appeared in the API header file.
- the deprecated former API entry with an anterior suffix _v<f> and new API entry with suffix _v<n> will be present for at least one release
- In one of the subsequent cuDNN release, the suffixed entries of a given entry will be removed simultaneously.

To sum up, when a routine appears in two forms, one with a suffix and one with no suffix, it means that the non-suffixed entry is deprecated. In this case, it is stongly advised to users to use the new suffixed API entry to guarantee backwards compatibility with the next cuDNN release. When a routine appears with multiples suffixes, the unsuffixed API entry will be mapped to the higher number. In that case it is strongly advised to use the non-suffixed API entry to guarantee backward compatibility with the next cuDNN release.

Chapter 3. CUDNN DATATYPES REFERENCE

This chapter describes all the types and enums of the cuDNN library API.

3.1. cudnnHandle_t

cudnnHandle_t is a pointer to an opaque structure holding the cuDNN library context. The cuDNN library context must be created using cudnnCreate() and the returned handle must be passed to all subsequent library function calls. The context should be destroyed at the end using cudnnDestroy(). The context is associated with only one GPU device, the current device at the time of the call to cudnnCreate(). However multiple contexts can be created on the same GPU device.

3.2. cudnnStatus_t

cudnnStatus_t is an enumerated type used for function status returns. All cuDNN
library functions return their status, which can be one of the following values:

| Value | Meaning |
|------------------------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The operation completed successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_INITIALIZED | The cuDNN library was not initialized properly. This error is usually returned when a call to cudnnCreate() fails or when cudnnCreate() has not been called prior to calling another cuDNN routine. In the former case, it is usually due to an error in the CUDA Runtime API called by cudnnCreate() or by an error in the hardware setup. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_ALLOC_FAILED | Resource allocation failed inside the cuDNN library. This is usually caused by an internal cudaMalloc() failure. To correct: prior to the function call, deallocate previously allocated memory as much as possible. |

| Value | Meaning |
|-------------------------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | An incorrect value or parameter was passed to the function. |
| | To correct: ensure that all the parameters being passed have valid values. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_ARCH_MISMATCH | The function requires a feature absent from the current GPU device. Note that cuDNN only supports devices with compute capabilities greater than or equal to 3.0. |
| | To correct: compile and run the application on a device with appropriate compute capability. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_MAPPING_ERROR | An access to GPU memory space failed, which is usually caused by a failure to bind a texture. |
| | To correct: prior to the function call, unbind any previously bound textures. |
| | Otherwise, this may indicate an internal error/bug in the library. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_EXECUTION_FAILED | The GPU program failed to execute. This is usually caused by a failure to launch some cuDNN kernel on the GPU, which can occur for multiple reasons. |
| | To correct: check that the hardware, an appropriate version of the driver, and the cuDNN library are correctly installed. |
| | Otherwise, this may indicate a internal error/bug in the library. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_INTERNAL_ERROR | An internal cuDNN operation failed. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED | The functionality requested is not presently supported by cuDNN. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_LICENSE_ERROR | The functionality requested requires some license and an error was detected when trying to check the current licensing. This error can happen if the license is not present or is expired or if the environment variable NVIDIA_LICENSE_FILE is not set properly. |

3.3. cudnnTensorDescriptor_t

cudnnCreateTensorDescriptor_t is a pointer to an opaque structure holding the description of a generic n-D dataset. cudnnCreateTensorDescriptor() is used to create one instance, and one of the routrines cudnnSetTensorNdDescriptor(), cudnnSetTensor4dDescriptor() or cudnnSetTensor4dDescriptorEx() must be used to initialize this instance.

3.4. cudnnFilterDescriptor_t

cudnnFilterDescriptor_t is a pointer to an opaque structure holding the description
of a filter dataset. cudnnCreateFilterDescriptor() is used to create one instance,
and cudnnSetFilterDescriptor() must be used to initialize this instance.

3.5. cudnnConvolutionDescriptor_t

cudnnConvolutionDescriptor_t is a pointer to an opaque structure holding the description of a convolution operation. cudnnCreateConvolutionDescriptor() is used to create one instance, and cudnnSetConvolutionNdDescriptor() or cudnnSetConvolution2dDescriptor() must be used to initialize this instance.

3.6. cudnnNanPropagation_t

cudnnNanPropagation_t is an enumerated type used to indicate if some routines should prapagate Nan numbers. This enumerated type is used as a field for the cudnnActivationDescriptor_t descriptor and cudnnPoolingDescriptor_t descriptor.

| Value | Meaning |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| CUDNN_NOT_PROPAGATE_NAN | Nan numbers are not propagated |
| CUDNN_PROPAGATE_NAN | Nan numbers are propagated |

3.7. cudnnPoolingDescriptor_t

cudnnPoolingDescriptor_t is a pointer to an opaque structure holding the description of a pooling operation. cudnnCreatePoolingDescriptor() is used to create one instance, and cudnnSetPoolingNdDescriptor() or cudnnSetPooling2dDescriptor() must be used to initialize this instance.

3.8. cudnnDataType_t

cudnnDataType_t is an enumerated type indicating the data type to which a tensor descriptor or filter descriptor refers.

| Value | Meaning |
|-------------------|--|
| CUDNN_DATA_FLOAT | The data is 32-bit single-precision floating point (float). |
| CUDNN_DATA_DOUBLE | The data is 64-bit double-precision floating point (double). |

| Value | Meaning |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|
| CUDNN_DATA_HALF | The data is 16-bit floating point. |

3.9. cudnnTensorFormat_t

cudnnTensorFormat_t is an enumerated type used by cudnnSetTensor4dDescriptor() to create a tensor with a pre-defined layout.

| Value | Meaning |
|-------------------|---|
| CUDNN_TENSOR_NCHW | This tensor format specifies that the data is laid out in the following order: image, features map, rows, columns. The strides are implicitly defined in such a way that the data are contiguous in memory with no padding between images, feature maps, rows, and columns; the columns are the inner dimension and the images are the outermost dimension. |
| CUDNN_TENSOR_NHWC | This tensor format specifies that the data is laid out in the following order: image, rows, columns, features maps. The strides are implicitly defined in such a way that the data are contiguous in memory with no padding between images, rows, columns, and features maps; the feature maps are the inner dimension and the images are the outermost dimension. |

3.10. cudnnAddMode_t

cudnnAddMode_t is an enumerated type used by **cudnnAddTensor()** to specify how a bias tensor is added to an input/output tensor.

| Value | Meaning |
|--|--|
| CUDNN_ADD_IMAGE OF CUDNN_ADD_SAME_HW | In this mode, the bias tensor is defined as one image with one feature map. This image will be added to every feature map of every image of the input/output tensor. |
| CUDNN_ADD_FEATURE_MAP OF CUDNN_ADD_SAME_CHW | In this mode, the bias tensor is defined as one image with multiple feature maps. This image will be added to every image of the input/output tensor. |
| CUDNN_ADD_SAME_C | In this mode, the bias tensor is defined as one image with multiple feature maps of dimension 1x1; it can be seen as an vector of feature maps. Each feature map of the bias tensor will be added to the corresponding feature map of all height-by- width pixels of every image of the input/output tensor. |

| Value | Meaning |
|-----------------------|---|
| CUDNN_ADD_FULL_TENSOR | In this mode, the bias tensor has the same dimensions as the input/output tensor. It will be added point-wise to the input/output tensor. |

3.11. cudnnConvolutionMode_t

cudnnConvolutionMode_t is an enumerated type used by cudnnSetConvolutionDescriptor() to configure a convolution descriptor. The filter used for the convolution can be applied in two different ways, corresponding mathematically to a convolution or to a cross-correlation. (A cross-correlation is equivalent to a convolution with its filter rotated by 180 degrees.)

| Value | Meaning |
|-------------------------|--|
| CUDNN_CONVOLUTION | In this mode, a convolution operation will be done when applying the filter to the images. |
| CUDNN_CROSS_CORRELATION | In this mode, a cross-correlation operation will be done when applying the filter to the images. |

3.12. cudnnConvolutionFwdPreference_t

cudnnConvolutionFwdPreference_t is an enumerated type used by cudnnGetConvolutionForwardAlgorithm() to help the choice of the algorithm used for the forward convolution.

| Value | Meaning |
|---|---|
| CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_FWD_NO_WORKSPACE | In this configuration, the routine cudnnGetConvolutionForwardAlgorithm() is guaranteed to return an algorithm that does not require any extra workspace to be provided by the user. |
| CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_FWD_PREFER_FASTEST | In this configuration, the routine cudnnGetConvolutionForwardAlgorithm() Will return the fastest algorithm regardless how much workspace is needed to execute it. |
| CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_FWD_SPECIFY_WORKSPACE_L | IMIT this configuration, the routine cudnnGetConvolutionForwardAlgorithm() Will return the fastest algorithm that fits within the memory limit that the user provided. |

3.13. cudnnConvolutionFwdAlgo_t

cudnnConvolutionFwdAlgo_t is an enumerated type that exposes the different algorithms available to execute the forward convolution operation.

| Value | Meaning |
|---|--|
| CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_FWD_ALGO_IMPLICIT_GEMM | This algorithm expresses the convolution as a matrix product without actually explicitly form the matrix that holds the input tensor data. |
| CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_FWD_ALGO_IMPLICIT_PRECO | ■ his a matrix product without actually explicitly form the matrix that holds the input tensor data, but still needs some memory workspace to precompute some indices in order to facilitate the implicit construction of the matrix that holds the input tensor data |
| CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_FWD_ALGO_GEMM | This algorithm expresses the convolution as an explicit matrix product. A significant memory workspace is needed to store the matrix that holds the input tensor data. |
| CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_FWD_ALGO_DIRECT | This algorithm expresses the convolution as a direct convolution (e.g without implicitly or explicitly doing a matrix multiplication). |
| CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_FWD_ALGO_FFT | This algorithm uses a Fast-Fourier Transform approach to compute the convolution. A significant memory workspace is needed to store intermediate results. |
| CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_FWD_ALGO_FFT_TILING | This algorithm uses a Fast-Fourier Transform approach but splits the inputs into 32x32 tiles. A significant memory workspace is needed to store intermediate results but significantly less than CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_FWD_ALGO_FFT for big size images. |

3.14. cudnnConvolutionFwdAlgoPerf_t

cudnnConvolutionFwdAlgoPerf_t is a structure containing performance results
returned by cudnnFindConvolutionForwardAlgorithm().

| Member Name | Explanation |
|--------------------------------|---|
| cudnnConvolutionFwdAlgo_t algo | The algorithm run to obtain the associated performance metrics. |
| cudnnStatus_t status | <pre>If any error occurs during the workspace allocation Or timing of cudnnConvolutionForward(), this status will represent that error. Otherwise, this status will be the return status of cudnnConvolutionForward(). CUDNN_STATUS_ALLOC_FAILED if any error occured during workspace allocation. CUDNN_STATUS_INTERNAL_ERROR if any error occured during timing calculations or workspace deallocation.</pre> |

| Member Name | Explanation |
|---------------|---|
| | Otherwise, this will be the return status of cudnnConvolutionForward(). |
| float time | The execution time of cudnnConvolutionForward() (in milliseconds). |
| size_t memory | The workspace size (in bytes). |

3.15. cudnnConvolutionBwdFilterPreference_t

cudnnConvolutionBwdFilterPreference_t is an enumerated type used by cudnnGetConvolutionBackwardFilterAlgorithm() to help the choice of the algorithm used for the backward filter convolution.

| Value | Meaning |
|---|---|
| CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_FILTER_NO_WORKSPACE | In this configuration, the routine cudnnGetConvolutionBackwardFilterAlgorith is guaranteed to return an algorithm that does not require any extra workspace to be provided by the user. |
| CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_FILTER_PREFER_FASTE | stn this configuration, the routine cudnnGetConvolutionBackwardFilterAlgorith will return the fastest algorithm regardless how much workspace is needed to execute it. |
| CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_FILTER_SPECIFY_WORK | shAchisICOMfiguration, the routine cudnnGetConvolutionBackwardFilterAlgorith will return the fastest algorithm that fits within the memory limit that the user provided. |

3.16. cudnnConvolutionBwdFilterAlgo_t

cudnnConvolutionBwdFilterAlgo_t is an enumerated type that exposes the different algorithms available to execute the backward filter convolution operation.

| Value | Meaning |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_FILTER_ALGO_0 | This algorithm expresses the convolution as a sum of matrix product without actually explicitly form the matrix that holds the input tensor data. The sum is done using atomic adds operation, thus the results are non-deterministic. |
| CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_FILTER_ALGO_1 | This algorithm expresses the convolution as a matrix product without actually explicitly form the matrix that holds the input tensor data. The results are deterministic. |
| CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_FILTER_ALGO_FFT | This algorithm uses a Fast-Fourier Transform approach to compute the convolution. A significant memory workspace is needed to |

| Value | Meaning |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| | store intermediate results. The results are deterministic. |
| CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_FILTER_ALGO_3 | This algorithm is similar to CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_FILTER_ALGO_0 but uses some small workspace to precomputes some indices. The results are also non-deterministic. |

3.17. cudnnConvolutionBwdFilterAlgoPerf_t

cudnnConvolutionBwdFilterAlgoPerf_t is a structure containing performance
results returned by cudnnFindConvolutionBackwardFilterAlgorithm().

| Member Name | Explanation |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| cudnnConvolutionBwdFilterAlgo_t algo | The algorithm run to obtain the associated performance metrics. |
| cudnnStatus_t status | <pre>If any error occurs during the workspace allocation or timing of cudnnConvolutionBackwardFilter_v3(), this status will represent that error. Otherwise, this status will be the return status of cudnnConvolutionBackwardFilter_v3(). CUDNN_STATUS_ALLOC_FAILED if any error occured during workspace allocation. CUDNN_STATUS_INTERNAL_ERROR if any error occured during timing calculations or workspace deallocation. Otherwise, this will be the return status of cudnnConvolutionBackwardFilter_v3().</pre> |
| float time | The execution time of cudnnConvolutionBackwardFilter_v3() (in milliseconds). |
| size_t memory | The workspace size (in bytes). |

3.18. cudnnConvolutionBwdDataPreference_t

cudnnConvolutionBwdDataPreference_t is an enumerated type used by cudnnGetConvolutionBackwardDataAlgorithm() to help the choice of the algorithm used for the backward data convolution.

| Value | Meaning |
|---|--|
| CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_DATA_NO_WORKSPACE | In this configuration, the routine cudnnGetConvolutionBackwardDataAlgorithm() is guaranteed to return an algorithm that does not require any extra workspace to be provided by the user. |

| Value | Meaning |
|---|--|
| CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_DATA_PREFER_FASTEST | In this configuration, the routine cudnnGetConvolutionBackwardDataAlgorithm(will return the fastest algorithm regardless how much workspace is needed to execute it. |
| CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_DATA_SPECIFY_WORKSP | Abethismonfiguration, the routine cudnnGetConvolutionBackwardDataAlgorithm(will return the fastest algorithm that fits within the memory limit that the user provided. |

3.19. cudnnConvolutionBwdDataAlgo_t

cudnnConvolutionBwdDataAlgo_t is an enumerated type that exposes the different algorithms available to execute the backward data convolution operation.

| Value | Meaning |
|---|--|
| CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_DATA_ALGO_0 | This algorithm expresses the convolution as a sum of matrix product without actually explicitly form the matrix that holds the input tensor data. The sum is done using atomic adds operation, thus the results are non-deterministic. |
| CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_DATA_ALGO_1 | This algorithm expresses the convolution as a matrix product without actually explicitly form the matrix that holds the input tensor data. The results are deterministic. |
| CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_DATA_ALGO_FFT | This algorithm uses a Fast-Fourier Transform approach to compute the convolution. A significant memory workspace is needed to store intermediate results. The results are deterministic. |
| CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_DATA_ALGO_FFT_TILIN | GThis algorithm uses a Fast-Fourier Transform approach but splits the inputs into 32x32 tiles. A significant memory workspace is needed to store intermediate results but significantly less than CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_DATA_ALGO_FFT for big size images. A significant memory workspace is needed to store intermediate results. The results are deterministic. |

3.20. cudnnConvolutionBwdDataAlgoPerf_t

cudnnConvolutionBwdDataAlgoPerf_t is a structure containing performance results
returned by cudnnFindConvolutionBackwardDataAlgorithm().

| Member Name | Explanation |
|------------------------------------|---|
| cudnnConvolutionBwdDataAlgo_t algo | The algorithm run to obtain the associated performance metrics. |

| Member Name | Explanation |
|----------------------|--|
| cudnnStatus_t status | <pre>If any error occurs during the workspace allocation or timing of cudnnConvolutionBackwardData_v3(), this status will represent that error. Otherwise, this status will be the return status of cudnnConvolutionBackwardData_v3(). CUDNN_STATUS_ALLOC_FAILED if any error occured during workspace allocation. CUDNN_STATUS_INTERNAL_ERROR if any error occured during timing calculations or workspace deallocation. Otherwise, this will be the return status of cudnnConvolutionBackwardData_v3().</pre> |
| float time | The execution time of cudnnConvolutionBackwardData_v3() (in milliseconds). |
| size_t memory | The workspace size (in bytes). |

3.21. cudnnSoftmaxAlgorithm_t

cudnnSoftmaxAlgorithm_t is used to select an implementation of the softmax function used in cudnnSoftmaxForward() and cudnnSoftmaxBackward().

| Value | Meaning |
|------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_SOFTMAX_FAST | This implementation applies the straightforward softmax operation. |
| CUDNN_SOFTMAX_ACCURATE | This implementation scales each point of the softmax input domain by its maximum value to avoid potential floating point overflows in the softmax evaluation. |
| CUDNN_SOFTMAX_LOG | This entry performs the Log softmax operation, avoiding overflows by scaling each point in the input domain as in CUDNN_SOFTMAX_ACCURATE |

3.22. cudnnSoftmaxMode_t

cudnnSoftmaxMode_t is used to select over which data the cudnnSoftmaxForward()
and cudnnSoftmaxBackward() are computing their results.

| Value | Meaning |
|-----------------------------|--|
| CUDNN_SOFTMAX_MODE_INSTANCE | The softmax operation is computed per image (N) across the dimensions C,H,W. |

| Value | Meaning |
|----------------------------|--|
| CUDNN_SOFTMAX_MODE_CHANNEL | The softmax operation is computed per spatial location (H,W) per image (N) across the dimension C. |

3.23. cudnnPoolingMode_t

cudnnPoolingMode_t is an enumerated type passed to cudnnSetPoolingDescriptor() to select the pooling method to be used by cudnnPoolingForward() and cudnnPoolingBackward().

| Value | Meaning |
|---|---|
| CUDNN_POOLING_MAX | The maximum value inside the pooling window will be used. |
| CUDNN_POOLING_AVERAGE_COUNT_INCLUDE_PADDI | Area to the pooling window will be averaged. The number of padded values will be taken into account when computing the average value |
| CUDNN_POOLING_AVERAGE_COUNT_EXCLUDE_PADDI | vathe values inside the pooling window will be averaged. The number of padded values will not be taken into account when computing the average value |

3.24. cudnnActivationMode_t

cudnnActivationMode_t is an enumerated type used to select the neuron activation
function used in cudnnActivationForward() and cudnnActivationBackward().

| Value | Meaning |
|-------------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_ACTIVATION_SIGMOID | Selects the sigmoid function. |
| CUDNN_ACTIVATION_RELU | Selects the rectified linear function. |
| CUDNN_ACTIVATION_TANH | Selects the hyperbolic tangent function. |
| CUDNN_ACTIVATION_CLIPPED_RELU | Selects the clipped rectified linear function |

3.25. cudnnLRNMode_t

cudnnLRNMode_t is an enumerated type used to specify the mode of operation in cudnnLRNCrossChannelForward() and cudnnLRNCrossChannelBackward().

| Value | Meaning |
|------------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_LRN_CROSS_CHANNEL_DIM1 | LRN computation is performed across tensor's dimension dimA[1]. |

3.26. cudnnDivNormMode_t

cudnnDivNormMode_t is an enumerated type used to specify the mode of operation in cudnnDivisiveNormalizationForward() and cudnnDivisiveNormalizationBackward().

| Value | Meaning |
|---------------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_DIVNORM_PRECOMPUTED_MEANS | The means tensor data pointer is expected to contain means or other kernel convolution values precomputed by the user. The means pointer can also be NULL, in that case it's considered to be filled with zeroes. This is equivalent to spatial LRN. Note that in the backward pass the means are treated as independent inputs and the gradient over means is computed independently. In this mode to yield a net gradient over the entire LCN computational graph the destDiffMeans result should be backpropagated through the user's means layer (which can be impelemented using average pooling) and added to the destDiffData tensor produced by cudnnDivisiveNormalizationBackward. |

3.27. cudnnBatchNormMode_t

cudnnBatchNormMode_t is an enumerated type used to specify the mode

of operation in cudnnBatchNormalizationForwardInference(),

cudnnBatchNormalizationForwardTraining(),

cudnnBatchNormalizationBackward() and cudnnDeriveBNTensorDescriptor()
routines.

| Value | Meaning |
|--------------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_BATCHNORM_PER_ACTIVATION | Normalization is performed per-activation. This mode is intended to be used after non- convolutional network layers. In this mode bnBias and bnScale tensor dimensions are 1xCxHxW. |
| CUDNN_BATCHNORM_SPATIAL | Normalization is performed over N+spatial dimensions. This mode is intended for use after convolutional layers (where spatial invariance is desired). In this mode bnBias, bnScale tensor dimensions are 1xCx1x1. |

Chapter 4. CUDNN API REFERENCE

This chapter describes the API of all the routines of the cuDNN library.

4.1. cudnnGetVersion

size_t cudnnGetVersion()

This function returns the version number of the cuDNN Library. It returns the **CUDNN_VERSION** define present in the cudnn.h header file. Starting with release R2, the routine can be used to identify dynamically the current cuDNN Library used by the application. The define **CUDNN_VERSION** can be used to have the same application linked against different cuDNN versions using conditional compilation statements.

4.2. cudnnGetErrorString

const char * cudnnGetErrorString(cudnnStatus_t status)

This function returns a human-readable character string describing the **cudnnStatus_t** enumerate passed as input parameter.

4.3. cudnnCreate

cudnnStatus_t cudnnCreate(cudnnHandle_t *handle)

This function initializes the cuDNN library and creates a handle to an opaque structure holding the cuDNN library context. It allocates hardware resources on the host and device and must be called prior to making any other cuDNN library calls. The cuDNN library context is tied to the current CUDA device. To use the library on multiple devices, one cuDNN handle needs to be created for each device. For a given device, multiple cuDNN handles with different configurations (e.g., different current CUDA streams) may be created. Because **cudnnCreate** allocates some internal resources, the release of those resources by calling **cudnnDestroy** will implicitly call **cudaDeviceSynchronize**; therefore, the recommended best practice is to call **cudnnCreate/cudnnDestroy** outside of performance-critical code paths. For multithreaded applications that use the same device from different threads, the
 Return Value
 Meaning

 CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS
 The initialization succeeded.

 CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_INITIALIZED
 CUDA Runtime API initialization failed.

 CUDNN_STATUS_ALLOC_FAILED
 The resources could not be allocated.

recommended programming model is to create one (or a few, as is convenient) cuDNN handle(s) per thread and use that cuDNN handle for the entire life of the thread.

4.4. cudnnDestroy

cudnnStatus_t cudnnDestroy(cudnnHandle_t handle)

This function releases hardware resources used by the cuDNN library. This function is usually the last call with a particular handle to the cuDNN library. Because cudnnCreate allocates some internal resources, the release of those resources by calling cudnnDestroy will implicitly call cudaDeviceSynchronize; therefore, the recommended best practice is to call cudnnCreate/cudnnDestroy outside of performance-critical code paths.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|------------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The cuDNN context destruction was successful. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_INITIALIZED | The library was not initialized. |

4.5. cudnnSetStream

cudnnStatus_t cudnnSetStream(cudnnHandle_t handle, cudaStream_t streamId)

This function sets the cuDNN library stream, which will be used to execute all subsequent calls to the cuDNN library functions with that particular handle. If the cuDNN library stream is not set, all kernels use the default (**NULL**) stream. In particular, this routine can be used to change the stream between kernel launches and then to reset the cuDNN library stream back to **NULL**.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The stream was set successfully. |

4.6. cudnnGetStream

cudnnStatus_t cudnnGetStream(cudnnHandle_t handle, cudaStream_t *streamId)

This function gets the cuDNN library stream, which is being used to execute all calls to the cuDNN library functions. If the cuDNN library stream is not set, all kernels use the *default* **NULL** stream.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The stream was returned successfully. |

4.7. cudnnCreateTensorDescriptor

cudnnStatus_t cudnnCreateTensorDescriptor(cudnnTensorDescriptor_t *tensorDesc)

This function creates a generic Tensor descriptor object by allocating the memory needed to hold its opaque structure. The data is initialized to be all zero.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was created successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_ALLOC_FAILED | The resources could not be allocated. |

4.8. cudnnSetTensor4dDescriptor

This function initializes a previously created generic Tensor descriptor object into a 4D tensor. The strides of the four dimensions are inferred from the format parameter and set in such a way that the data is contiguous in memory with no padding between dimensions.



| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|------------|------------------|---|
| tensorDesc | input/ output | Handle to a previously created tensor descriptor. |
| format | input | Type of format. |
| datatype | input | Data type. |
| n | input | Number of images. |
| с | input | Number of feature maps per image. |
| h | input | Height of each feature map. |
| w | input | Width of each feature map. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was set successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the parameters n, c, h, w Was negative or format has an invalid enumerant value or dataType has an invalid enumerant value. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED | The total size of the tensor descriptor exceeds the maximim limit of 2 Giga-elements. |

4.9. cudnnSetTensor4dDescriptorEx

This function initializes a previously created generic Tensor descriptor object into a 4D tensor, similarly to **cudnnSetTensor4dDescriptor** but with the strides explicitly passed as parameters. This can be used to lay out the 4D tensor in any order or simply to define gaps between dimensions.

At present, some cuDNN routines have limited support for strides; Those routines will return CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if a Tensor4D object with an unsupported stride is used. cudnnTransformTensor can be used to convert the data to a supported layout.

The total size of a tensor including the potential padding between dimensions is limited to 2 Giga-elements of type datatype.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|------------|------------------|---|
| tensorDesc | input/ output | Handle to a previously created tensor descriptor. |
| datatype | input | Data type. |
| n | input | Number of images. |
| с | input | Number of feature maps per image. |
| h | input | Height of each feature map. |
| w | input | Width of each feature map. |
| nStride | input | Stride between two consecutive images. |

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| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|---------|--------|--|
| cStride | input | Stride between two consecutive feature maps. |
| hStride | input | Stride between two consecutive rows. |
| wStride | input | Stride between two consecutive columns. |

The possible error values returned by this function and their meanings are listed below.

| Return Value | Meaning | |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was set successfully. | |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the parameters n,c,h,w or nStride,cStride,hStride,wStride is negative or dataType has an invalid enumerant value. | |
| CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED | The total size of the tensor descriptor exceeds the maximim limit of 2 Giga-elements. | |

4.10. cudnnGetTensor4dDescriptor

This function queries the parameters of the previouly initialized Tensor4D descriptor object.

| Param | In/out | Meaning | |
|------------|--------|--|--|
| tensorDesc | input | Handle to a previously insitialized tensor descriptor. | |
| datatype | output | Data type. | |
| n | output | Number of images. | |
| с | output | Number of feature maps per image. | |
| h | output | Height of each feature map. | |
| w | output | Width of each feature map. | |
| nStride | output | Stride between two consecutive images. | |
| cStride | output | Stride between two consecutive feature maps. | |
| hStride | output | Stride between two consecutive rows. | |
| wStride | output | Stride between two consecutive columns. | |

The possible error values returned by this function and their meanings are listed below.

| Return Value | Meaning | |
|----------------------|--------------------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The operation succeeded. | |

4.11. cudnnSetTensorNdDescriptor

| cudnnStatus_t cudnnSetTensorNdDescriptor(| cudnnTensorDescriptor_t | tensorDesc, |
|--|---|-------------|
| | <pre>cudnnDataType_t dataType, int nbDims, int dimA[], int strideA[])</pre> | |
| | | |

This function initializes a previously created generic Tensor descriptor object.

The total size of a tensor including the potential padding between dimensions is limited to 2 Giga-elements of type datatype.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|------------|------------------|--|
| tensorDesc | input/ output | Handle to a previously created tensor descriptor. |
| datatype | input | Data type. |
| nbDims | input | Dimension of the tensor. |
| dimA | input | Array of dimension nbDims that contain the size of the tensor for every dimension. |
| strideA | input | Array of dimension nbDims that contain the stride of the tensor for every dimension. |

| Return Value | Meaning | |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was set successfully. | |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the elements of the array dimA was negative or zero, or dataType has an invalid enumerant value. | |
| CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED | the parameter nbDims exceeds CUDNN_DIM_MAX or the total size of the tensor descriptor exceeds the maximim limit of 2 Giga-elements. | |

4.12. cudnnGetTensorNdDescriptor

This function retrieves values stored in a previously initialized Tensor descriptor object.

| Param | In/out | Meaning | |
|--------------|---------|---|--|
| tensorDesc | input | Handle to a previously initialized tensor descriptor. | |
| nbDimsReques | tèndput | Number of dimensions to extract from a given tensor descriptor. It is also the minimum size of the arrays dimA and strideA. If this number is greater than the resulting nbDims[0], only nbDims[0] dimensions will be returned. | |
| datatype | output | Data type. | |
| nbDims | output | Actual number of dimensions of the tensor will be returned in nbDims[0]. | |
| dimA | output | Array of dimension of at least nbDimsRequested that will be filled with the dimensions from the provided tensor descriptor. | |
| strideA | input | Array of dimension of at least nbDimsRequested that will be filled with the strides from the provided tensor descriptor. | |

The possible error values returned by this function and their meanings are listed below.

| Return Value | Meaning | |
|------------------------|--|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The results were returned successfully. | |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | Either tensorDesc Or nbDims pointer is NULL. | |

4.13. cudnnDestroyTensorDescriptor

cudnnStatus_t cudnnDestroyTensorDescriptor(cudnnTensorDescriptor_t tensorDesc)

This function destroys a previously created Tensor descriptor object.

| Return Value | Meaning | |
|----------------------|--|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was destroyed successfully. | |

4.14. cudnnTransformTensor

| cuunnstatus_t | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|----------------|
| cudnnTransformTensor(| cudnnHandle_t | handle, |
| | const void | *alpha, |
| | const cudnnTensorDescr | iptor_t xDesc, |
| | const void | - *x, |
| | const void | *beta, |
| | const cudnnTensorDescr | iptor_t yDesc, |
| | void | - *y) |

This function copies the scaled data from one tensor to another tensor with a different layout. Those descriptors need to have the same dimensions but not necessarily the same strides. The input and output tensors must not overlap in any way (i.e., tensors cannot be transformed in place). This function can be used to convert a tensor with an unsupported format to a supported one.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|-------------|--------|--|
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN context. |
| alpha, beta | input | Pointers to scaling factors (in host memory) used to blend the source value with prior value in the destination tensor as follows: dstValue = alpha[0]*srcValue + beta[0]*priorDstValue. Please refer to this section for additional details. |
| xDesc | input | Handle to a previously initialized tensor descriptor. |
| x | input | Pointer to data of the tensor described by the xDesc descriptor. |
| yDesc | input | Handle to a previously initialized tensor descriptor. |
| у | output | Pointer to data of the tensor described by the $yDesc$ descriptor. |

The possible error values returned by this function and their meanings are listed below.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|-------------------------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The function launched successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | The dimensions n, c, h, w or the dataType of the two tensor descriptors are different. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_EXECUTION_FAILED | The function failed to launch on the GPU. |

4.15. cudnnAddTensor_v2

| cudnnStatus t | |
|--|---------|
| cudnnAddTensor_v2(cudnnHandle_t | handle, |
| cudnnAddMode t | mode, |
| const void | *alpha, |
| const cudnnTensorDescriptor t | bDesc, |
| const void | *b, |
| const void | *beta, |
| <pre>const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t</pre> | yDesc, |
| void | *у) |

This function adds the scaled values of one tensor to another tensor. The **mode** parameter can be used to select different ways of performing the scaled addition. The amount of data described by the **biasDesc** descriptor must match exactly the amount of data needed to perform the addition. Therefore, the following conditions must be met:

- Except for the CUDNN_ADD_SAME_C mode, the dimensions h, w of the two tensors must match.
- In the case of CUDNN_ADD_IMAGE mode, the dimensions n, c of the bias tensor must be 1.
- ► In the case of CUDNN_ADD_FEATURE_MAP mode, the dimension n of the bias tensor must be 1 and the dimension c of the two tensors must match.
- In the case of CUDNN_ADD_FULL_TENSOR mode, the dimensions n, c of the two tensors must match.
- In the case of CUDNN_ADD_SAME_C mode, the dimensions n, w, h of the bias tensor must be 1 and the dimension c of the two tensors must match.



Up to dimension 4, all tensor formats are supported. Beyond those dimensions, this routine is not supported.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|-------------|------------------|--|
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN context. |
| mode | input | Addition mode that describe how the addition is performed. |
| alpha, beta | input | Pointers to scaling factors (in host memory) used to blend the source value with prior value in the destination tensor as follows: dstValue = alpha[0]*srcValue + beta[0]*priorDstValue. Please refer to this section for additional details. |
| bDesc | input | Handle to a previously initialized tensor descriptor. |
| b | input | Pointer to data of the tensor described by the blesc descriptor. |
| yDesc | input/ output | Handle to a previously initialized tensor descriptor. |
| у | input/ output | Pointer to data of the tensor described by the $y Desc$ descriptor. |

This routine is deprecated. cudnnAddTensor should be used instead.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The function executed successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED | The dimensions of the bias tensor and the output tensor dimensions are above 4. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | The dimensions n, c, h, w of the bias tensor refer to an amount of data that is incompatible with the |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | mode parameter and the output tensor dimensions or the dataType of the two tensor descriptors are different. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_EXECUTION_FAILED | The function failed to launch on the GPU. |

4.16. cudnnAddTensor

| cudnnStatus t | | |
|------------------|--|---------|
| cudnnAddTensor (| cudnnHandle t | handle |
| _ | const void | *alpha, |
| | <pre>const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t</pre> | bDesc, |
| | const void | *b, |
| | const void | *beta, |
| | <pre>const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t</pre> | yDesc, |
| | Vold | ^Y) |

This function adds the scaled values of a bias tensor to another tensor. Each dimension of the bias tensor **b** must match the coresponding dimension of the destination tensor **y** or must be equal to 1. In the latter case, the same value from the bias tensor for thoses dimensions will be used to blend into the **y** tensor.



Up to dimension 5, all tensor formats are supported. Beyond those dimensions, this routine is not supported

This routine replaces deprecated routine cudnnAddTensor_v2

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|-------------|------------------|---|
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN context. |
| alpha, beta | input | Pointers to scaling factors (in host memory) used to blend the source value with prior value in the destination tensor as follows: dstValue = alpha[0]*srcValue + beta[0]*priorDstValue. Please refer to this section for additional details. |
| bDesc | input | Handle to a previously initialized tensor descriptor. |
| b | input | Pointer to data of the tensor described by the blesc descriptor. |
| yDesc | input/ output | Handle to a previously initialized tensor descriptor. |
| У | input/ output | Pointer to data of the tensor described by the y Desc descriptor. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The function executed successfully. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|-------------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED | The dimensions of the bias tensor and the output tensor dimensions are above 5. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | The dimensions of the bias tensor refer to an amount of data that is incompatible the output tensor dimensions or the dataType of the two tensor descriptors are different. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_EXECUTION_FAILED | The function failed to launch on the GPU. |

4.17. cudnnAddTensor_v3

| cudnnStatus t | | |
|--------------------|--|---------|
| cudnnAddTensor v3(| cudnnHandle t | handle, |
| _ | const void | *alpha, |
| | <pre>const cudnnTensorDescriptor t</pre> | bDesc, |
| | const void | *b, |
| | const void | *beta, |
| | <pre>const cudnnTensorDescriptor t</pre> | yDesc, |
| | void | *y) |

This function is now equivalent to cudnnAddTensor

4.18. cudnnSetTensor

This function sets all the elements of a tensor to a given value.

| Paran | ln/out | Meaning |
|--------|--------------|--|
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN context. |
| yDesc | input | Handle to a previously initialized tensor descriptor. |
| у | input/output | Pointer to data of the tensor described by the $yDesc$ descriptor. |
| valueP | tinput | Pointer in Host memory to a single value. All elements of the y tensor will be set to value[0]. The data type of the element in value[0] has to match the data type of tensor \mathbf{y} . |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|-------------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The function launched successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | one of the provided pointers is nil |
| CUDNN_STATUS_EXECUTION_FAILED | The function failed to launch on the GPU. |

4.19. cudnnScaleTensor

This function scale all the elements of a tensor by a given factor.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|--------|------------------|--|
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN context. |
| yDesc | input | Handle to a previously initialized tensor descriptor. |
| у | input/ output | Pointer to data of the tensor described by the $yDesc$ descriptor. |
| alpha | input | Pointer in Host memory to a single value that all elements of the tensor will be scaled with. Please refer to this section for additional details. |

The possible error values returned by this function and their meanings are listed below.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|-------------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The function launched successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | one of the provided pointers is nil |
| CUDNN_STATUS_EXECUTION_FAILED | The function failed to launch on the GPU. |

4.20. cudnnCreateFilterDescriptor

cudnnStatus_t cudnnCreateFilterDescriptor(cudnnFilterDescriptor_t *filterDesc)

This function creates a filter descriptor object by allocating the memory needed to hold its opaque structure,

| Return Value | Meaning |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was created successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_ALLOC_FAILED | The resources could not be allocated. |

4.21. cudnnSetFilter4dDescriptor

This function initializes a previously created filter descriptor object into a 4D filter. Filters layout must be contiguous in memory. When using this routine to set up a filter descriptor, the filter format is set to CUDNN_TENSOR_NCHW.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|------------|------------------|---|
| filterDesc | input/ output | Handle to a previously created filter descriptor. |
| datatype | input | Data type. |
| k | input | Number of output feature maps. |
| с | input | Number of input feature maps. |
| h | input | Height of each filter. |
| w | input | Width of each filter. |

The possible error values returned by this function and their meanings are listed below.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was set successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the parameters k, c, h, w is negative or dataType has an invalid enumerant value. |

4.22. cudnnGetFilter4dDescriptor

| cudnnStatus t | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| cudnnGetFilter4dDescriptor(| <pre>cudnnFilterDescriptor_t filterDesc, cudnnDataType_t *dataType, int *k, int *c, int *h, int *w)</pre> |
| | |

This function queries the parameters of the previouly initialized filter descriptor object.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|------------|--------|---|
| filterDesc | input | Handle to a previously created filter descriptor. |
| datatype | output | Data type. |
| k | output | Number of output feature maps. |
| с | output | Number of input feature maps. |
| h | output | Height of each filter. |
| w | output | Width of each filter. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was set successfully. |

4.23. cudnnSetFilter4dDescriptor_v4

| cudnnStatus t |
|---|
| <pre>cudnnSetFilter4dDescriptor_v4(cudnnFilterDescriptor_t filterDesc,</pre> |
| |

This function initializes a previously created filter descriptor object into a 4D filter. Filters layout must be contiguous in memory.

Tensor format CUDNN_TENSOR_NHWC has limited support in cudnnConvolutionForward, cudnnConvolutionBackwardData and cudnnConvolutionBackwardFilter; please refer to each function's documentation for more information.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|------------|------------------|---|
| filterDesc | input/ output | Handle to a previously created filter descriptor. |
| datatype | input | Data type. |
| format | input | Type of format. |
| k | input | Number of output feature maps. |
| с | input | Number of input feature maps. |
| h | input | Height of each filter. |
| w | input | Width of each filter. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|------------------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was set successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the parameters k , c , h , w is negative or dataType or format has an invalid enumerant value. |

4.24. cudnnGetFilter4dDescriptor_v4

This function queries the parameters of the previouly initialized filter descriptor object.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|------------|--------|---|
| filterDesc | input | Handle to a previously created filter descriptor. |
| datatype | output | Data type. |
| format | output | Type of format. |
| k | output | Number of output feature maps. |
| с | output | Number of input feature maps. |
| h | output | Height of each filter. |
| w | output | Width of each filter. |

The possible error values returned by this function and their meanings are listed below.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was set successfully. |

4.25. cudnnSetFilterNdDescriptor

This function initializes a previously created filter descriptor object. Filters layout must be contiguous in memory. When using this routine to set up a filter descriptor, the filter format is set to CUDNN_TENSOR_NCHW.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|------------|------------------|---|
| filterDesc | input/ output | Handle to a previously created filter descriptor. |
| datatype | input | Data type. |
| nbDims | input | Dimension of the filter. |

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|------------|--------|---|
| filterDimA | input | Array of dimension nbDims containing the size of the filter for each dimension. |

The possible error values returned by this function and their meanings are listed below.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was set successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the elements of the array filterDimA is negative or dataType has an invalid enumerant value. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED | the parameter nbDims exceeds CUDNN_DIM_MAX. |

4.26. cudnnGetFilterNdDescriptor

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|--------------|---------|---|
| wDesc | input | Handle to a previously initialized filter descriptor. |
| nbDimsReques | tendput | Dimension of the expected filter descriptor. It is also the minimum size of the arrays filterDimA in order to be able to hold the results |
| datatype | input | Data type. |
| nbDims | input | Actual dimension of the filter. |
| filterDimA | input | Array of dimension of at least nbDimsRequested that will be filled with the filter parameters from the provided filter descriptor. |

This function queries a previously initialized filter descriptor object.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|------------------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was set successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | The parameter nbDimsRequested is negative. |
4.27. cudnnSetFilterNdDescriptor_v4

This function initializes a previously created filter descriptor object. Filters layout must be contiguous in memory.

Tensor format CUDNN_TENSOR_NHWC has limited support in cudnnConvolutionForward, cudnnConvolutionBackwardData and cudnnConvolutionBackwardFilter; please refer to each function's documentation for more information.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|------------|------------------|---|
| filterDesc | input/ output | Handle to a previously created filter descriptor. |
| datatype | input | Data type. |
| format | input | Type of format. |
| nbDims | input | Dimension of the filter. |
| filterDimA | input | Array of dimension nbDims containing the size of the filter for each dimension. |

The possible error values returned by this function and their meanings are listed below.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was set successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the elements of the array filterDimA is negative or dataType Or format has an invalid enumerant value. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED | the parameter nbDims exceeds CUDNN_DIM_MAX. |

4.28. cudnnGetFilterNdDescriptor_v4

This function queries a previously initialized filter descriptor object.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|--------------|---------|---|
| wDesc | input | Handle to a previously initialized filter descriptor. |
| nbDimsReques | tendput | Dimension of the expected filter descriptor. It is also the minimum size of the arrays filterDimA in order to be able to hold the results |
| datatype | input | Data type. |
| format | output | Type of format. |
| nbDims | input | Actual dimension of the filter. |
| filterDimA | input | Array of dimension of at least nbDimsRequested that will be filled with the filter parameters from the provided filter descriptor. |

The possible error values returned by this function and their meanings are listed below.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|------------------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was set successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | The parameter nbDimsRequested is negative. |

4.29. cudnnDestroyFilterDescriptor

cudnnStatus_t cudnnDestroyFilterDescriptor(cudnnFilterdDescriptor_t filterDesc)

This function destroys a previously created Tensor4D descriptor object.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was destroyed successfully. |

4.30. cudnnCreateConvolutionDescriptor

cudnnStatus_t cudnnCreateConvolutionDescriptor(cudnnConvolutionDescriptor_t
 *convDesc)

This function creates a convolution descriptor object by allocating the memory needed to hold its opaque structure,

| Return Value | Meaning |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was created successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_ALLOC_FAILED | The resources could not be allocated. |

4.31. cudnnSetConvolution2dDescriptor

This function initializes a previously created convolution descriptor object into a 2D correlation. This function assumes that the tensor and filter descriptors corresponds to the formard convolution path and checks if their settings are valid. That same convolution descriptor can be reused in the backward path provided it corresponds to the same layer.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|----------|------------------|--|
| convDesc | input/ output | Handle to a previously created convolution descriptor. |
| pad_h | input | zero-padding height: number of rows of zeros implicitly concatenated onto the top and onto the bottom of input images. |
| pad_w | input | zero-padding width: number of columns of zeros implicitly concatenated onto the left and onto the right of input images. |
| u | input | Vertical filter stride. |
| v | input | Horizontal filter stride. |
| upscalex | input | Upscale the input in x-direction. |
| upscaley | input | Upscale the input in y-direction. |
| mode | input | Selects between CUDNN_CONVOLUTION and CUDNN_CROSS_CORRELATION. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was set successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: The descriptor convDesc is nil. One of the parameters pad_h,pad_v is strictly negative. One of the parameters u,v is negative. The parameter mode has an invalid enumerant value. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED | The parameter upscalex or upscaley is not 1. |

4.32. cudnnGetConvolution2dDescriptor

This function queries a previously initialized 2D convolution descriptor object.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|----------|------------------|--|
| convDesc | input/ output | Handle to a previously created convolution descriptor. |
| pad_h | output | zero-padding height: number of rows of zeros implicitly concatenated onto the top and onto the bottom of input images. |
| pad_w | output | zero-padding width: number of columns of zeros implicitly concatenated onto the left and onto the right of input images. |
| u | output | Vertical filter stride. |
| v | output | Horizontal filter stride. |
| upscalex | output | Upscale the input in x-direction. |
| upscaley | output | Upscale the input in y-direction. |
| mode | output | convolution mode. |

The possible error values returned by this function and their meanings are listed below.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The operation was successful. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | The parameter convDesc is nil. |

4.33. cudnnGetConvolution2dForwardOutputDim

This function returns the dimensions of the resulting 4D tensor of a 2D convolution, given the convolution descriptor, the input tensor descriptor and the filter descriptor

This function can help to setup the output tensor and allocate the proper amount of memory prior to launch the actual convolution.

Each dimension **h** and **w** of the output images is computed as followed:

```
outputDim = 1 + (inputDim + 2*pad - filterDim)/convolutionStride;
```

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|---------------|--------|--|
| convDesc | input | Handle to a previously created convolution descriptor. |
| inputTensorDe | sἀnput | Handle to a previously initialized tensor descriptor. |
| filterDesc | input | Handle to a previously initialized filter descriptor. |
| n | output | Number of output images. |
| с | output | Number of output feature maps per image. |
| h | output | Height of each output feature map. |
| w | output | Width of each output feature map. |

The possible error values returned by this function and their meanings are listed below.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|------------------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | One or more of the descriptors has not been created correctly or there is a mismatch between the feature maps of inputTensorDesc and filterDesc. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was set successfully. |

4.34. cudnnSetConvolutionNdDescriptor_v2

This function initializes a previously created generic convolution descriptor object into a n-D correlation. That same convolution descriptor can be reused in the backward path provided it corresponds to the same layer. The convolution computation will done in the same precision than the input and output tensors datatypes.

This routine is deprecated. cudnnSetConvolutionNdDescriptor should be used instead.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|---------------|------------------|--|
| convDesc | input/ output | Handle to a previously created convolution descriptor. |
| arrayLength | input | Dimension of the convolution. |
| padA | input | Array of dimension arrayLength containing the zero-padding size for each dimension. For every dimension, the padding represents the number of extra zeros implicitly concatenated at the start and at the end of every element of that dimension. |
| filterStrideA | input | Array of dimension arrayLength containing the filter stride for each dimension. For every dimension, the filter stride represents the number of elements to slide to reach the next start of the filtering window of the next point. |
| upscaleA | input | Array of dimension arrayLength containing the upscale factor for each dimension. |
| mode | input | Selects between cudnn_convolution and cudnn_cross_correlation. |

The possible error values returned by this function and their meanings are listed below.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was set successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: The descriptor convDesc is nil. The arrayLenghtRequest is negative. The enumerant mode has an invalid value. One of the elements of padA is strictly negative. One of the elements of strideA is negative or zero. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED | At least one of the following conditions are met: The arrayLenghtRequest is greater than CUDNN_DIM_MAX. The array upscaleA contains an element different from 1. |

4.35. cudnnGetConvolutionNdDescriptor_v2

This function queries a previously initialized convolution descriptor object.

| 100 | 1 |
|-----|-----|
| | |
| | 100 |

This routine is deprecated. cudnnGetConvolutionNdDescriptor should be used instead.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|-----------------|------------------|--|
| convDesc | input/ output | Handle to a previously created convolution descriptor. |
| arrayLengthRequ | eistædt | Dimension of the expected convolution descriptor. It is also the minimum size of the arrays padA, filterStrideA and upscaleA in order to be able to hold the results |
| arrayLength | output | actual dimension of the convolution descriptor. |
| padA | output | Array of dimension of at least arrayLengthRequested that will be filled with the padding parameters from the provided convolution descriptor. |
| filterStrideA | output | Array of dimension of at least arrayLengthRequested that will be filled with the filter stride from the provided convolution descriptor. |
| upscaleA | output | Array of dimension at least arrayLengthRequested that will be filled with the upscaling parameters from the provided convolution descriptor. |
| mode | output | convolution mode of the provided descriptor. |

The possible error values returned by this function and their meanings are listed below.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The query was successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: The descriptor convDesc is nil. The arrayLenghtRequest is negative. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED | The arrayLenghtRequest is greater than CUDNN_DIM_MAX. |

4.36. cudnnSetConvolutionNdDescriptor

This function initializes a previously created generic convolution descriptor object into a n-D correlation. That same convolution descriptor can be reused in the backward path

provided it corresponds to the same layer. The convolution computation will done in the specified **dataType**, which can be potentially different from the input/output tensors.

.

| This fourthe replaces deprecated fourthe cudnnsetConvolutionNdDescriptor_v2 | | |
|---|------------------|--|
| Param | In/out | Meaning |
| convDesc | input/ output | Handle to a previously created convolution descriptor. |
| arrayLength | input | Dimension of the convolution. |
| padA | input | Array of dimension arrayLength containing the zero-padding size for each dimension. For every dimension, the padding represents the number of extra zeros implicitly concatenated at the start and at the end of every element of that dimension. |
| filterStrideA | input | Array of dimension arrayLength containing the filter stride for each dimension. For every dimension, the filler stride represents the number of elements to slide to reach the next start of the filtering window of the next point. |
| upscaleA | input | Array of dimension arrayLength containing the upscale factor for each dimension. |
| mode | input | Selects between cudnn_convolution and cudnn_cross_correlation. |
| datatype | input | Selects the datatype in which the computation will be done. |

The possible error values returned by this function and their meanings are listed below.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was set successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: The descriptor convDesc is nil. The arrayLenghtRequest is negative. The enumerant mode has an invalid value. The enumerant datatype has an invalid value. One of the elements of padA is strictly negative. One of the elements of strideA is negative or zero. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED | At least one of the following conditions are met: The arrayLenghtRequest is greater than CUDNN_DIM_MAX. The array upscaleA contains an element different from 1. |

. .

4.37. cudnnGetConvolutionNdDescriptor

This function queries a previously initialized convolution descriptor object.

| This routine replaces deprecated routine cudnnGetConvolutionNdDescriptor_v2 | | |
|--|------------------|---|
| Param | In/out | Meaning |
| convDesc | input/ output | Handle to a previously created convolution descriptor. |
| arrayLengthRequeistmedt Dimension of the expected convolution descriptor. It is also the minimum size of the arrays padA, filterStrideA and upscaleA in order to be able to hold the results | | |
| arrayLength | output | actual dimension of the convolution descriptor. |
| padA | output | Array of dimension of at least arrayLengthRequested that will be filled with the padding parameters from the provided convolution descriptor. |
| filterStrideA | output | Array of dimension of at least arrayLengthRequested that will be filled with the filter stride from the provided convolution descriptor. |
| upscaleA | output | Array of dimension at least arrayLengthRequested that will be filled with the upscaling parameters from the provided convolution descriptor. |
| mode | output | convolution mode of the provided descriptor. |
| datatype | output | datatype of the provided descriptor. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The query was successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: The descriptor convDesc is nil. The arrayLenghtRequest is negative. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED | The arrayLenghtRequest is greater than CUDNN_DIM_MAX |

4.38. cudnnSetConvolutionNdDescriptor_v3

| Cuannstatus t | |
|--|--|
| cudnnStatus_t cudnnSetConvolutionNdDescriptor_v3(| <pre>cudnnConvolutionDescriptor_t convDesc, int arrayLength, int padA[], int filterStrideA[], int upscaleA[], cudnnConvolutionMode_t mode,</pre> |
| | cudnnDataType_t dataType) |
| | |

This function is now equivalent to cudnnSetConvolutionNdDescriptor.

4.39. cudnnGetConvolutionNdDescriptor_v3

This function is now equivalent to cudnnGetConvolutionNdDescriptor

4.40. cudnnGetConvolutionNdForwardOutputDim

This function returns the dimensions of the resulting n-D tensor of a **nbDims-2**-D convolution, given the convolution descriptor, the input tensor descriptor and the filter descriptor This function can help to setup the output tensor and allocate the proper amount of memory prior to launch the actual convolution.

Each dimension of the (nbDims-2) -D images of the output tensor is computed as followed:

outputDim = 1 + (inputDim + 2*pad - filterDim)/convolutionStride;

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|---------------|--------|--|
| convDesc | input | Handle to a previously created convolution descriptor. |
| inputTensorDe | sἀņput | Handle to a previously initialized tensor descriptor. |

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|---------------|----------|---|
| filterDesc | input | Handle to a previously initialized filter descriptor. |
| nbDims | input | Dimension of the output tensor |
| tensorOuputDi | noAutput | Array of dimensions nbDims that contains on exit of this routine the sizes of the output tensor |

The possible error values returned by this function and their meanings are listed below.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: One of the parameters convDesc, inputTensorDesc, and filterDesc, is nil The dimension of the filter descriptor filterDesc is different from the dimension of input tensor descriptor inputTensorDesc. The dimension of the convolution descriptor is different from the dimension of input tensor descriptor inputTensorDesc -2. The features map of the filter descriptor filterDesc is different from the one of input tensor descriptor inputTensorDesc. The size of the filter filterDesc is larger than the padded sizes of the input tensor. The dimension nbDims of the output array is negative or greater than the dimension of input tensor descriptor inputTensorDesc. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The routine exits successfully. |

4.41. cudnnDestroyConvolutionDescriptor

cudnnStatus_t cudnnDestroyConvolutionDescriptor(cudnnConvolutionDescriptor_t convDesc)

This function destroys a previously created convolution descriptor object.

| Return Value | Meaning | |
|----------------------|--|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was destroyed successfully. | |

4.42. cudnnFindConvolutionForwardAlgorithm

| cudnnStatus_t | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|---------|
| cudnnFindConvolutionForwardAlgorithm(| cudnnHandle_t | handle, |
| | <pre>const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t</pre> | xDesc, |
| | <pre>const cudnnFilterDescriptor_t</pre> | wDesc, |
| | <pre>const cudnnConvolutionDescriptor_t</pre> | |
| convDesc, | | |
| | <pre>const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t</pre> | yDesc, |
| | const int | |
| requestedAlgoCount, | | |
| | int | |
| *returnedAlgoCount, | | |
| | cudnnConvolutionFwdAlgoPerf_t | |
| *perfResults | | |
| | | |

This function attempts all cuDNN algorithms and outputs performance metrics to a user-allocated array of cudnnConvolutionFwdAlgoPerf_t. These metrics are written in sorted fashion where the first element has the lowest compute time.



This function is host blocking.

It is recommend to run this function prior to allocating layer data; doing otherwise may needlessly inhibit some algorithm options due to resource usage.

| Param | In/out | Meaning | |
|--------------------|--------|---|--|
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN context. | |
| xDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized input tensor descriptor. | |
| wDesc | input | Handle to a previously initialized filter descriptor. | |
| convDesc | input | Previously initialized convolution descriptor. | |
| yDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized output tensor descriptor. | |
| requestedAlgoCount | input | The maximum number of elements to be stored in perfResults. | |
| returnedAlgoCount | output | The number of output elements stored in perfResults. | |
| perfResults | output | A user-allocated array to store performance metrics sorted ascending by compute time. | |

| Return Value | Meaning | |
|------------------------|---|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The query was successful. | |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: | |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|-----------------------------|--|
| | The handle is not allocated properly. The x, w or y descriptor is not allocated properly. The x, w or y descriptor has fewer than 1 dimension. Either returnedCount or perfResults is pointing to NULL. The requestedCount is less than 1. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_ALLOC_FAILED | This function was unable to allocate memory to store sample input, filters and output. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_INTERNAL_ERROR | At least one of the following conditions are met: The function was unable to allocate neccesary timing objects. The function was unable to deallocate neccesary timing objects. The function was unable to deallocate sample input, filters and output. |

4.43. cudnnGetConvolutionForwardAlgorithm

| cudnnStatus t | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|---------|
| cudnnGetConvolutionForwardAlgorithm(| cudnnHandle t | handle, |
| | const cudnnTensorDescriptor t | xDesc, |
| | const cudnnFilterDescriptor t | wDesc, |
| | const cudnnConvolutionDescriptor t | |
| convDesc, | _ | |
| | <pre>const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t</pre> | yDesc, |
| | cudnnConvolutionFwdPreference_t | |
| preference, | | |
| | size_t | |
| memoryLimitInbytes, | | |
| | cudnnConvolutionFwdAlgo_t | *algo |
|) | | |

This function serves as a heuristic for obtaining the best suited algorithm for **cudnnConvolutionForward** for the given layer specifications. Based on the input preference, this function will either return the fastest algorithm or the fastest algorithm within a given memory limit. For an exhaustive search for the fastest algorithm, please use **cudnnFindConvolutionForwardAlgorithm**.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|----------|--------|---|
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN context. |
| xDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized input tensor descriptor. |
| wDesc | input | Handle to a previously initialized convolution filter descriptor. |
| convDesc | input | Previously initialized convolution descriptor. |
| yDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized output tensor descriptor. |

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|------------------|--------|--|
| preference | input | Enumerant to express the preference criteria in terms of memory requirement and speed. |
| memoryLimitInByt | einput | It is used when enumerant preference is set to CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_FWD_SPECIFY_WORKSPACE_LIMIT to specify the maximum amount of GPU memory the user is willing to use as a workspace |
| algo | output | Enumerant that specifies which convolution algorithm should be used to compute the results according to the specified preference |

The possible error values returned by this function and their meanings are listed below.

| Return Value | Meaning | | | |
|------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The query was successful. | | | |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: | | | |
| | convDesc, yDesc is NULL. Either yDesc or wDesc have different dimensions from xDesc. | | | |
| | The data types of tensors xDesc, yDesc or wDesc are not all the same. | | | |
| | The number of feature maps in xDesc and wDesc differs. | | | |
| | The tensor xDesc has a dimension smaller than 3. | | | |

4.44. cudnnGetConvolutionForwardWorkspaceSize

| cudnnGetConvolutionForwardWorkspaceSize(cudnnHandle t handle, | |
|--|-------|
| | |
| const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t | |
| xDesc, | |
| const cudnnFilterDescriptor_t | |
| wDesc, | |
| const cudnnConvolutionDescripto | cor_t |
| convDesc, | |
| const cudnnTensor4dDescriptor_ | t |
| yDesc, | |
| cudnnConvolutionFwdAlgo_t | |
| algo, | |
| size_t | |
| *sizeInBytes | |
|) | |

This function returns the amount of GPU memory workspace the user needs to allocate to be able to call cudnnConvolutionForward with the specified algorithm. The workspace allocated will then be passed to the routine cudnnConvolutionForward. The specified algorithm can be the result of the call to cudnnGetConvolutionForwardAlgorithm or can be chosen arbitrarily by the user. Note that not every algorithm is available for every configuration of the input tensor and/or every configuration of the convolution descriptor.

| Param | ln/ out | Meaning |
|-------------|------------|--|
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN context. |
| xDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized x tensor descriptor. |
| wDesc | input | Handle to a previously initialized filter descriptor. |
| convDesc | input | Previously initialized convolution descriptor. |
| yDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized y tensor descriptor. |
| algo | input | Enumerant that specifies the chosen convolution algorithm |
| sizeInBytes | output | Amount of GPU memory needed as workspace to be able to execute a forward convolution with the specified algo |

The possible error values returned by this function and their meanings are listed below.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The query was successful. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: One of the parameters handle, xDesc, wDesc, convDesc, yDesc is NULL. The tensor yDesc or wDesc are not of the same dimension as xDesc. The tensor xDesc, yDesc or wDesc are not of the same data type. The numbers of feature maps of the tensor xDesc and wDesc differ. The tensor xDesc has a dimension smaller than 3. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED | The combination of the tensor descriptors, filter descriptor and convolution descriptor is not supported for the specified algorithm. |

4.45. cudnnConvolutionForward

| cudnnStatus t | | |
|--------------------------|--|--|
| cudnnConvolutionForward(| <pre>cudnnHandle_t const void const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t const void const cudnnFilterDescriptor_t const void const cudnnConvolutionDescriptor_t cudnnConvolutionFwdAlgo_t void size t</pre> | <pre>handle, *alpha, xDesc, *x, wDesc, *w, convDesc, algo, *workSpace,</pre> |
| workSpaceSizeInBytes, | const void | *beta, |
| | <pre>const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t void</pre> | yDesc, *y) |

This function executes convolutions or cross-correlations over \mathbf{x} using filters specified with \mathbf{w} , returning results in \mathbf{y} . Scaling factors **alpha** and **beta** can be used to scale the input tensor and the output tensor respectively.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|---------------|------------------|---|
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN context. |
| alpha, beta | input | Pointers to scaling factors (in host memory) used to blend the computation result with prior value in the output layer as follows: dstValue = alpha[0]*result + beta[0]*priorDstValue. Please refer to this section for additional details. |
| xDesc | input | Handle to a previously initialized tensor descriptor. |
| x | input | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the tensor descriptor xDesc. |
| wDesc | input | Handle to a previously initialized filter descriptor. |
| w | input | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the filter descriptor wDesc. |
| convDesc | input | Previously initialized convolution descriptor. |
| algo | input | Enumerant that specifies which convolution algorithm shoud be used to compute the results |
| workSpace | input | Data pointer to GPU memory to a workspace needed to able to execute the specified algorithm. If no workspace is needed for a particular algorithm, that pointer can be nil |
| workSpaceSize | linBputes | Specifies the size in bytes of the provided workSpace |
| yDesc | input | Handle to a previously initialized tensor descriptor. |
| у | input/ output | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the tensor descriptor $yDesc$ that carries the result of the convolution. |

This function supports only four specific combinations of data types for **xDesc**, **wDesc**, **convDesc** and **yDesc**. See the following for an exhaustive list of these configurations.

| Data Type Configurations | xDesc'S, wDesc's and yDesc'S Data Type | convDesc's Data Type |
|--------------------------|---|----------------------|
| TRUE_HALF_CONFIG | CUDNN_DATA_HALF | CUDNN_DATA_HALF |
| PSEUDO_HALF_CONFIG | CUDNN_DATA_HALF | CUDNN_DATA_FLOAT |
| FLOAT_CONFIG | CUDNN_DATA_FLOAT | CUDNN_DATA_FLOAT |
| DOUBLE_CONFIG | CUDNN_DATA_DOUBLE | CUDNN_DATA_DOUBLE |

TRUE_HALF_CONFIG is only supported on architectures with true fp16 support (compute capability 5.3 and 6.0).

For this function, all algorithms perform deterministic computations. Specifying a separate algorithm can cause changes in performance and support. See the following for an exhaustive list of algorithm options and their respective supported parameters.

wDesc may only have format CUDNN_TENSOR_NHWC when all of the following are true:

- algo is CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_FWD_ALGO_IMPLICIT_GEMM
- **xDesc** and **yDesc** is NHWC HWC-packed
- Data type configuration is PSEUDO_HALF_CONFIG or FLOAT_CONFIG
- The convolution is 2-dimensional

The following is an exhaustive list of algo support for 2-d convolutions.

- CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_FWD_ALGO_IMPLICIT_GEMM
 - ► **xDesc** Format Support: All
 - yDesc Format Support: All
 - Data Type Config Support: All except TRUE_HALF_CONFIG
- CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_FWD_ALGO_IMPLICIT_PRECOMPUTED_GEMM
 - ► **xDesc** Format Support: All
 - **yDesc** Format Support: All
 - Data Type Config Support: All
- ► CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_FWD_ALGO_GEMM
 - **xDesc** Format Support: All
 - yDesc Format Support: All
 - Data Type Config Support: All except TRUE_HALF_CONFIG
- CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_FWD_ALGO_DIRECT
 - This algorithm has no current implementation in cuDNN.
- CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_FWD_ALGO_FFT
 - ► **xDesc** Format Support: NCHW HW-packed
 - ▶ **yDesc** Format Support: NCHW HW-packed
 - Data Type Config Support: PSEUDO_HALF_CONFIG, FLOAT_CONFIG
 - ► Notes:
 - xDesc's feature map height + 2 * convDesc's zero-padding height must equal 256 or less
 - xDesc's feature map width + 2 * convDesc's zero-padding width must equal 256 or less
 - **convDesc**'s vertical and horizontal filter stride must equal 1
 - wDesc's filter height must be greater than convDesc's zero-padding height
 - **wDesc**'s filter width must be greater than **convDesc**'s zero-padding width
- CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_FWD_ALGO_FFT_TILING
 - **xDesc** Format Support: NCHW HW-packed
 - **yDesc** Format Support: NCHW HW-packed
 - Data Type Config Support: PSEUDO_HALF_CONFIG, FLOAT_CONFIG
 - Notes:
 - wDesc's filter height must equal 32 or less
 - **wDesc**'s filter width must equal 32 or less

- **convDesc**'s vertical and horizontal filter stride must equal 1
- wDesc's filter height must be greater than convDesc's zero-padding height
- **wDesc**'s filter width must be greater than **convDesc**'s zero-padding width

The following is an exhaustive list of algo support for 3-d convolutions.

- CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_FWD_ALGO_IMPLICIT_GEMM
 - **xDesc** Format Support: All
 - yDesc Format Support: All
 - Data Type Config Support: All except TRUE_HALF_CONFIG
- CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_FWD_ALGO_IMPLICIT_PRECOMPUTED_GEMM
 - **xDesc** Format Support: NCDHW-fully-packed
 - ▶ **yDesc** Format Support: NCDHW-fully-packed
 - Data Type Config Support: All except TRUE_HALF_CONFIG

| Return Value | Meaning |
|-------------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The operation was launched successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: |
| | At least one of the following is NULL: handle, xDesc, wDesc, convDesc, yDesc, xData, w, yData, alpha, beta xDesc and yDesc have a non-matching number of dimensions xDesc and wDesc have a non-matching number of dimensions xDesc has fewer than three number of dimensions xDesc has fewer than three number of dimensions xDesc 's number of dimensions is not equal to convDesc's array length + 2 xDesc and wDesc have a non-matching number of input feature maps per image xDesc, wDesc and yDesc have a non-matching data type For some spatial dimension, wDesc has a spatial size that is larger than the input spatial size (including zero- |
| | padding size) |
| CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED | At least one of the following conditions are met: xDesc or yDesc have negative tensor striding xDesc, wDesc or yDesc has a number of dimensions that is not 4 or 5 The chosen algo does not support the parameters provided; see above for exhaustive list of parameter support for each algo |
| CUDNN_STATUS_MAPPING_ERROR | An error occured during the texture binding of the filter data. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_EXECUTION_FAILED | The function failed to launch on the GPU. |

4.46. cudnnConvolutionBackwardBias

```
cudnnStatus t
cudnnConvolutionBackwardBias( cudnnHandle t
                                                               handle,
                              const void
                                                              *alpha,
                                                              dyDesc,
                              const cudnnTensorDescriptor t
                                                              *dy,
                              const void
                              const void
                                                              *beta,
                                                              dbDesc,
                              const cudnnTensorDescriptor t
                                                              *db
                              void
                               )
```

This function computes the convolution function gradient with respect to the bias, which is the sum of every element belonging to the same feature map across all of the images of the input tensor. Therefore, the number of elements produced is equal to the number of features maps of the input tensor.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|-------------|--------|---|
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN context. |
| alpha, beta | input | Pointers to scaling factors (in host memory) used to blend the computation result with prior value in the output layer as follows: dstValue = alpha[0]*result + beta[0]*priorDstValue. Please refer to this section for additional details. |
| dyDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized input tensor descriptor. |
| dy | input | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the tensor descriptor dyDesc. |
| dbDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized output tensor descriptor. |
| db | output | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the output tensor descriptor dbDesc. |

| Return Value | Meaning | |
|------------------------|--|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The operation was launched successfully. | |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: One of the parameters n, height, width of the output tensor is not 1. The numbers of feature maps of the input tensor and output tensor differ. The dataType of the two tensor descriptors are different. | |

4.47. cudnnConvolutionBackwardFilter_v2

| cudnnStatus t | | |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------|
| cudnnConvolutionBackwardFilter_v2(cud | dnnHandle_t | handle, |
| const | void | *alpha, |
| const | cudnnTensorDescriptor_t | xDesc, |
| const | void | *xData, |
| const | cudnnTensorDescriptor_t | dyDesc, |
| const | void | *dyData, |
| const | cudnnConvolutionDescriptor_t | convDesc, |
| const | void | *beta, |
| const void | cudnnFilterDescriptor_t | dwDesc, *dw); |

This function is equivalent to running **cudnnConvolutionBackwardFilter** with the following additional parameters:

- algo: CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_FILTER_ALGO_0
- workSpace: NULL
- workSpaceSizeInBytes: 0

This function is deprecated. cudnnConvolutionBackwardFilter should be used instead. Refer to cudnnConvolutionBackwardFilter for documentation.

4.48. cudnnFindConvolutionBackwardFilterAlgorithm

```
cudnnStatus t
cudnnFindConvolutionBackwardFilterAlgorithm( cudnnHandle t
    handle,
                                              const cudnnTensorDescriptor t
    xDesc,
                                              const cudnnTensorDescriptor t
     dyDesc,
                                              const cudnnConvolutionDescriptor t
     convDesc,
                                              const cudnnFilterDescriptor t
     dwDesc,
                                              const int
   requestedAlgoCount,
                                              int.
   *returnedAlgoCount,
                                              cudnnConvolutionBwdFilterAlgoPerf t
   *perfResults
```

This function attempts all cuDNN algorithms for **cudnnConvolutionBackwardFilter** and outputs performance metrics to a user-allocated array of

cudnnConvolutionBwdFilterAlgoPerf_t. These metrics are written in sorted fashion where the first element has the lowest compute time.



It is recommend to run this function prior to allocating layer data; doing otherwise may needlessly inhibit some algorithm options due to resource usage.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|----------------|-------------------|---|
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN context. |
| xDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized input tensor descriptor. |
| dyDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized input differential tensor descriptor. |
| convDesc | input | Previously initialized convolution descriptor. |
| dwDesc | input | Handle to a previously initialized filter descriptor. |
| requestedAlgoC | oimptut | The maximum number of elements to be stored in perfResults. |
| returnedAlgoCo | u ot itput | The number of output elements stored in perfResults. |
| perfResults | output | A user-allocated array to store performance metrics sorted ascending by compute time. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|-----------------------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The query was successful. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: The cudnn handle is not allocated properly. Any of the x, dy or dw descriptors were not allocated properly. Any of the xDesc, dyDesc or dwDesc descriptors have fewer than 1 dimension. Either returnedCount or perfResults is pointing to NULL. The requestedCount is less than 1. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_ALLOC_FAILED | This function was unable to allocate memory to store sample input, filters and output. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_INTERNAL_ERROR | At least one of the following conditions are met: The function was unable to allocate neccesary timing objects. The function was unable to deallocate neccesary timing objects. The function was unable to deallocate sample input, filters and output. |

4.49. cudnnGetConvolutionBackwardFilterAlgorithm

| cudnnStatus_t cudnnGetConvolutionBackwardFilterAlgorithm(| cudnnHandle t |
|--|---|
| handle, | |
| xDesc, | const cuantensorbescriptor_t |
| dvDesc, | <pre>const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t</pre> |
| | <pre>const cudnnConvolutionDescriptor_t</pre> |
| convoesc, | <pre>const cudnnFilterDescriptor_t</pre> |
| dwDesc, | |
| cudnnConvolutionBwdFilterPreference_t pre | ference, |
| memoryLimitInbytes, | 512e_c |
| *algo | cudnnConvolutionBwdFilterAlgo_t |
| | |

This function serves as a heuristic for obtaining the best suited algorithm for **cudnnConvolutionBackwardFilter** for the given layer specifications. Based on the input preference, this function will either return the fastest algorithm or the fastest algorithm within a given memory limit. For an exhaustive search for the fastest algorithm, please use **cudnnFindConvolutionBackwardFilterAlgorithm**.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|--------------|-----------|---|
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN context. |
| xDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized input tensor descriptor. |
| dyDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized input differential tensor descriptor. |
| convDesc | input | Previously initialized convolution descriptor. |
| dwDesc | input | Handle to a previously initialized filter descriptor. |
| preference | input | Enumerant to express the preference criteria in terms of memory requirement and speed. |
| memoryLimitl | nbiorpeet | It is to specify the maximum amount of GPU memory the user is willing to use as a workspace. This is currently a placeholder and is not used. |
| algo | output | Enumerant that specifies which convolution algorithm should be used to compute the results according to the specified preference |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|-----------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SU | cæðesquery was successful. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BA | Aparent one of the following conditions are met: |
| | The numbers of feature maps of the input tensor and output tensor differ. The dataType of the two tensor descriptors or the filter are different. |

4.50. cudnnGetConvolutionBackwardFilterWorkspaceSize

| cudnnStatus_t | |
|--|--|
| cudnnGetConvolutionBackwardFilterWorks | paceSize(cudnnHandle_t handle, |
| | const cudnnTensorDescriptor t |
| xDesc, | |
| | const cudnnTensorDescriptor t |
| dvDesc. | ······································ |
| | const |
| cudnnConvolutionDescriptor t convDes | |
| | const cudnnFilterDescriptor t |
| duDoog | conse cuamifileerbeseriptor_e |
| dwbesc, | audan Controlution Eudal ao t |
| | |
| algo, | |
| | size_t |
| *sizeInBytes | |
| | |

This function returns the amount of GPU memory workspace the user needs to allocate to be able to call cudnnConvolutionBackwardFilter with the specified algorithm. The workspace allocated will then be passed to the routine cudnnConvolutionBackwardFilter. The specified algorithm can be the result of the call to cudnnGetConvolutionBackwardFilterAlgorithm or can be chosen arbitrarily by the user. Note that not every algorithm is available for every configuration of the input tensor and/or every configuration of the convolution descriptor.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|----------|----------|--|
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN context. |
| xDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized input tensor descriptor. |
| dyDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized input differential tensor descriptor. |
| convDes | cinput | Previously initialized convolution descriptor. |
| dwDesc | input | Handle to a previously initialized filter descriptor. |
| algo | input | Enumerant that specifies the chosen convolution algorithm |
| sizeInBy | tesutput | Amount of GPU memory needed as workspace to be able to execute a forward convolution with the specified algo |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The query was successful. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: The numbers of feature maps of the input tensor and output tensor differ. The dataType of the two tensor descriptors or the filter are different. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED | The combination of the tensor descriptors, filter descriptor and convolution descriptor is not supported for the specified algorithm. |

4.51. cudnnConvolutionBackwardFilter

| cudnnStatus_t | | |
|--|--|--|
| cudnnConvolutionBackwardFilter | <pre>(cudnnHandle_t const void const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t const void const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t const void const cudnnConvolutionDescriptor_t</pre> | handle, *alpha, xDesc, *x, dyDesc, *dy, |
| CONVESC, | cudnnConvolutionBwdFilterAlgo_t void | algo, |
| <pre>*workSpace, workSpaceSizeInBvtes,</pre> | size_t | |
| | const void | *beta, |
| | <pre>const cudnnFilterDescriptor_t void</pre> | dwDesc, *dw) |

This function computes the convolution gradient with respect to filter coefficients using the specified **algo**, returning results in **gradDesc**.Scaling factors **alpha** and **beta** can be used to scale the input tensor and the output tensor respectively.

| This routine replaces cudnnConvolutionBackwardFilter_v2 | | | |
|---|--------|---|--|
| Param | In/out | Meaning | |
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN context. | |
| alpha, beta | input | Pointers to scaling factors (in host memory) used to blend the computation result with prior value in the output layer as follows: dstValue = alpha[0]*result + beta[0]*priorDstValue. Please refer to this section for additional details. | |
| xDesc | input | Handle to a previously initialized tensor descriptor. | |
| x | input | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the tensor descriptor $xDesc$. | |
| dyDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized input differential tensor descriptor. | |
| dy | input | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the backpropagation gradient tensor descriptor dyDesc. | |
| convDesc | input | Previously initialized convolution descriptor. | |
| algo | input | Enumerant that specifies which convolution algorithm shoud be used to compute the results | |

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|-----------------|------------------|--|
| workSpace | input | Data pointer to GPU memory to a workspace needed to able to execute the specified algorithm. If no workspace is needed for a particular algorithm, that pointer can be nil |
| workSpaceSizeIn | Biyntepsit | Specifies the size in bytes of the provided workSpace |
| dwDesc | input | Handle to a previously initialized filter gradient descriptor. |
| dw | input/ output | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the filter gradient descriptor dwDesc that carries the result. |

This function supports only three specific combinations of data types for **xDesc**, **dyDesc**, **convDesc** and **dwDesc**. See the following for an exhaustive list of these configurations.

| Data Type Configurations | xDesc's, dyDesc's and dwDesc's Data Type | convDesc's Data Type |
|--------------------------|---|----------------------|
| HALF_CONFIG | CUDNN_DATA_HALF | CUDNN_DATA_FLOAT |
| FLOAT_CONFIG | CUDNN_DATA_FLOAT | CUDNN_DATA_FLOAT |
| DOUBLE_CONFIG | CUDNN_DATA_DOUBLE | CUDNN_DATA_DOUBLE |

Specifying a separate algorithm can cause changes in performance, support and computation determinism. See the following for an exhaustive list of algorithm options and their respective supported parameters and deterministic behavior.

dwDesc may only have format CUDNN_TENSOR_NHWC when all of the following are true:

- algo is CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_FILTER_ALGO_0 or CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_FILTER_ALGO_1
- **xDesc** and **dyDesc** is NHWC HWC-packed
- Data type configuration is PSEUDO_HALF_CONFIG or FLOAT_CONFIG
- The convolution is 2-dimensional

The following is an exhaustive list of algo support for 2-d convolutions.

CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_FILTER_ALGO_0

- Deterministic: No
- **xDesc** Format Support: All
- ► **dyDesc** Format Support: NCHW CHW-packed
- Data Type Config Support: All
- CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_FILTER_ALGO_1
 - Deterministic: Yes
 - **xDesc** Format Support: All
 - dyDesc Format Support: NCHW CHW-packed
 - Data Type Config Support: All
- CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_FILTER_ALGO_FFT

- Deterministic: Yes
- **xDesc** Format Support: NCHW CHW-packed
- **dyDesc** Format Support: NCHW CHW-packed
- Data Type Config Support: HALF_CONFIG, FLOAT_CONFIG
- Notes:
 - xDesc's feature map height + 2 * convDesc's zero-padding height must equal 256 or less
 - xDesc's feature map width + 2 * convDesc's zero-padding width must equal 256 or less
 - **convDesc**'s vertical and horizontal filter stride must equal 1
 - **dwDesc**'s filter height must be greater than **convDesc**'s zero-padding height
 - dwDesc's filter width must be greater than convDesc's zero-padding width
- CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_FILTER_ALGO_3
 - Deterministic: No
 - **xDesc** Format Support: All
 - dyDesc Format Support: NCHW CHW-packed
 - Data Type Config Support: All

The following is an exhaustive list of algo support for 3-d convolutions.

- CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_FILTER_ALGO_0
 - Deterministic: No
 - **xDesc** Format Support: All
 - **dyDesc** Format Support: NCDHW CDHW-packed
 - Data Type Config Support: All
- CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_FILTER_ALGO_3
 - Deterministic: No
 - **xDesc** Format Support: NCDHW-fully-packed
 - dyDesc Format Support: NCDHW-fully-packed
 - Data Type Config Support: All

| Return Value | Meaning |
|------------------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The operation was launched successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: |
| | At least one of the following is NULL: handle, xDesc, dyDesc, convDesc, dwDesc, xData, dyData, dwData, alpha, beta xDesc and dyDesc have a non-matching number of dimensions xDesc and dwDesc have a non-matching number of dimensions |
| | xDesc has fewer than three number of dimensions |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|-------------------------------|---|
| | xDesc, dyDesc and dwDesc have a non- matching data type. xDesc and dwDesc have a non-matching number of input feature maps per image. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED | At least one of the following conditions are met: xDesc or dyDesc have negative tensor striding xDesc, dyDesc or dwDesc has a number of dimensions that is not 4 or 5 The chosen algo does not support the parameters provided; see above for exhaustive list of parameter support for each algo |
| CUDNN_STATUS_MAPPING_ERROR | An error occurs during the texture binding of the filter data. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_EXECUTION_FAILED | The function failed to launch on the GPU. |

4.52. cudnnConvolutionBackwardFilter_v3

| cudnnStatus_t | | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|
| cudnnConvolutionBackwardFilter_v3(| <pre>cudnnHandle_t const void const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t const void const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t const void const cudnnConvolutionDescriptor_t</pre> | <pre>handle, *alpha, xDesc, *x, dyDesc, *dy,</pre> |
| convDesc, | | _ |
| | cudnnConvolutionBwdFilterAlgo_t void | algo, |
| *workSpace, | | |
| | size_t | |
| workSpaceSizeInBytes, | | |
| | const void | *beta, |
| | <pre>const cudnnFilterDescriptor_t void</pre> | dwDesc, *dw) |

 $This \ function \ is \ now \ equivalent \ to \ {\tt cudnnConvolutionBackwardFilter}$

4.53. cudnnConvolutionBackwardData_v2

| cudnnStatus t | |
|--|------------------------------------|
| cudnnConvolutionBackwardData v2(cudnnHand | lle t handle, |
| _ const void | - *alpha, |
| const cudnnF | 'ilterDescriptor t wDesc, |
| const void | - *w, |
| const cudnnT | ensorDescriptor t dyDesc, |
| const void | - *dy, |
| const cudnnC | convbolutionDescriptor t convDesc, |
| const void | - *beta, |
| const cudnnT | ensorDescriptor t dxDesc, |
| void | - *dx); |
| | |

This function is equivalent to running **cudnnConvolutionBackwardData** with the following additional parameters:

- algo: CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_DATA_ALGO_0
- workSpace: NULL
- workSpaceSizeInBytes: 0

This function is deprecated. cudnnConvolutionBackwardData should be used instead. Refer to cudnnConvolutionBackwardData for documentation.

4.54. cudnnFindConvolutionBackwardDataAlgorithm

| cudnnStatus_t | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|--|
| bandlo | | | |
| nunute, | const cudnnFilterDescriptor t | | |
| wDesc, | | | |
| | const cudnnTensorDescriptor t | | |
| dvDesc, | | | |
| | <pre>const cudnnConvolutionDescriptor t</pre> | | |
| convDesc, | • _ | | |
| | <pre>const cudnnTensorDescriptor t</pre> | | |
| dxDesc, | - <u>-</u> | | |
| | const int | | |
| requestedAlgoCount, | | | |
| | int | | |
| <pre>*returnedAlgoCount,</pre> | | | |
| | cudnnConvolutionBwdFilterAlgoPerf_t | | |
| *perfResults): | | | |

This function attempts all cuDNN algorithms for **cudnnConvolutionBackwardData** and outputs performance metrics to a user-allocated array of

cudnnConvolutionBwdDataAlgoPerf_t. These metrics are written in sorted fashion where the first element has the lowest compute time.



This function is host blocking.

It is recommend to run this function prior to allocating layer data; doing otherwise may needlessly inhibit some algorithm options due to resource usage.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|-----------------|---------|--|
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN context. |
| wDesc | input | Handle to a previously initialized filter descriptor. |
| dyDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized input differential tensor descriptor. |
| convDesc | input | Previously initialized convolution descriptor. |
| dxDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized output tensor descriptor. |
| requestedAlgoCo | uimtput | The maximum number of elements to be stored in perfResults. |

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|-----------------|----------|---|
| returnedAlgoCou | notutput | The number of output elements stored in perfResults. |
| perfResults | output | A user-allocated array to store performance metrics sorted ascending by compute time. |

The possible error values returned by this function and their meanings are listed below.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|-----------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The query was successful. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: The handle is not allocated properly. The w, dy or dx descriptor is not allocated properly. The w, dy or dx descriptor has fewer than 1 dimension. Either returnedCount or perfResults is pointing to NULL. The requestedCount is less than 1. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_ALLOC_FAILED | This function was unable to allocate memory to store sample input, filters and output. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_INTERNAL_ERROR | At least one of the following conditions are met: The function was unable to allocate neccesary timing objects. The function was unable to deallocate neccesary timing objects. The function was unable to deallocate sample input, filters and output. |

4.55. cudnnGetConvolutionBackwardDataAlgorithm

| cudnnStatus_t | |
|---|---|
| cudnnGetConvolutionBackwardDataAlgorithm(| cudnnHandle_t |
| handle, | |
| | <pre>const cudnnFilterDescriptor t</pre> |
| wDesc, | _ |
| | <pre>const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t</pre> |
| dyDesc, | |
| | <pre>const cudnnConvolutionDescriptor_t</pre> |
| convDesc, | |
| | <pre>const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t</pre> |
| dxDesc, | |
| | cudnnConvolutionBwdDataPreference_t |
| preference, | |
| | size_t |
| memoryLimitInbytes, | |
| | cudnnConvolutionBwdDataAlgo_t |
| *algo | |
|) | |

This function serves as a heuristic for obtaining the best suited algorithm for **cudnnConvolutionBackwardData** for the given layer specifications. Based on the input preference, this function will either return the fastest algorithm or the fastest algorithm within a given memory limit. For an exhaustive search for the fastest algorithm, please use **cudnnFindConvolutionBackwardDataAlgorithm**.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|-------------|-----------|---|
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN context. |
| wDesc | input | Handle to a previously initialized filter descriptor. |
| dyDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized input differential tensor descriptor. |
| convDesc | input | Previously initialized convolution descriptor. |
| dxDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized output tensor descriptor. |
| preference | input | Enumerant to express the preference criteria in terms of memory requirement and speed. |
| memoryLimit | nbiypeist | It is to specify the maximum amount of GPU memory the user is willing to use as a workspace. This is currently a placeholder and is not used. |
| algo | output | Enumerant that specifies which convolution algorithm should be used to compute the results according to the specified preference |

The possible error values returned by this function and their meanings are listed below.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The query was successful. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: The numbers of feature maps of the input tensor and output tensor differ. The dataType of the two tensor descriptors or the filter are different. |

4.56. cudnnGetConvolutionBackwardDataWorkspaceSize

| cudnnStatus_t cudnnGetConvolutionBackwardDataWorkspaceSize(| cudnnHandle t | |
|--|--|--|
| handle, | - | |
| wDesc, | | |
| dyDesc, | const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t | |
| cudnnConvolutionDescriptor t. convDesc. | const | |
| dyDoco | <pre>const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t</pre> | |
| uxpest, | cudnnConvolutionFwdAlgo_t | |
| algo, | size_t | |
| *sizeInBytes) | | |

This function returns the amount of GPU memory workspace the user needs to allocate to be able to call cudnnConvolutionBackwardData with the specified algorithm. The workspace allocated will then be passed to the routine cudnnConvolutionBackwardData. The specified algorithm can be the result of the call to cudnnGetConvolutionBackwardDataAlgorithm or can be chosen arbitrarily by the user. Note that not every algorithm is available for every configuration of the input tensor and/or every configuration of the convolution descriptor.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|-----------|---------|--|
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN context. |
| wDesc | input | Handle to a previously initialized filter descriptor. |
| dyDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized input differential tensor descriptor. |
| convDesc | input | Previously initialized convolution descriptor. |
| dxDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized output tensor descriptor. |
| algo | input | Enumerant that specifies the chosen convolution algorithm |
| sizeInByt | eoutput | Amount of GPU memory needed as workspace to be able to execute a forward convolution with the specified algo |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The query was successful. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: The numbers of feature maps of the input tensor and output tensor differ. The dataType of the two tensor descriptors or the filter are different. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED | The combination of the tensor descriptors, filter descriptor and convolution descriptor is not supported for the specified algorithm. |

4.57. cudnnConvolutionBackwardData

| cudnnStatus t | | |
|--|---|--|
| <pre>cudnnConvolutionBackwardData(workSpaceSizeInBytes,</pre> | <pre>cudnnHandle_t const void const cudnnFilterDescriptor_t const void const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t const void const cudnnConvolutionDescriptor_ cudnnConvolutionBwdDataAlgo_t void size_t</pre> | <pre>handle, *alpha, wDesc, *w, dyDesc, *dy, t convDesc, algo, *workSpace,</pre> |
| | <pre>const void const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t void</pre> | *beta, dxDesc, *dx); |

This function computes the convolution gradient with respect to the output tensor using the specified **algo**, returning results in **gradDesc**. Scaling factors **alpha** and **beta** can be used to scale the input tensor and the output tensor respectively.

| This routine replaces cudnnConvolutionBackwardData_v2 | | |
|---|------------------|---|
| Param | In/out | Meaning |
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN context. |
| alpha, beta | input | Pointers to scaling factors (in host memory) used to blend the computation result with prior value in the output layer as follows: dstValue = alpha[0]*result + beta[0]*priorDstValue. Please refer to this section for additional details. |
| wDesc | input | Handle to a previously initialized filter descriptor. |
| w | input | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the filter descriptor wDesc. |
| dyDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized input differential tensor descriptor. |
| dy | input | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the input differential tensor descriptor dyDesc. |
| convDesc | input | Previously initialized convolution descriptor. |
| algo | input | Enumerant that specifies which backward data convolution algorithm shoud be used to compute the results |
| workSpace | input | Data pointer to GPU memory to a workspace needed to able to execute the specified algorithm. If no workspace is needed for a particular algorithm, that pointer can be nil |
| workSpaceSizeInB iytps it | | Specifies the size in bytes of the provided workSpace |
| dxDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized output tensor descriptor. |
| dx | input/ output | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the output tensor descriptor dxDesc that carries the result. |

This function supports only three specific combinations of data types for **wDesc**, **dyDesc**, **convDesc** and **dxDesc**. See the following for an exhaustive list of these configurations.

| Data Type Configurations | wDesc's, dyDesc's and dxDesc's Data Type | convDesc's Data Type |
|--------------------------|---|----------------------|
| HALF_CONFIG | CUDNN_DATA_HALF | CUDNN_DATA_FLOAT |
| FLOAT_CONFIG | CUDNN_DATA_FLOAT | CUDNN_DATA_FLOAT |
| DOUBLE_CONFIG | CUDNN_DATA_DOUBLE | CUDNN_DATA_DOUBLE |

Specifying a separate algorithm can cause changes in performance, support and computation determinism. See the following for an exhaustive list of algorithm options and their respective supported parameters and deterministic behavior.

wDesc may only have format CUDNN_TENSOR_NHWC when all of the following are true:

- algo is CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_DATA_ALGO_1
- **dyDesc** and **dxDesc** is NHWC HWC-packed
- Data type configuration is PSEUDO_HALF_CONFIG or FLOAT_CONFIG
- The convolution is 2-dimensional

The following is an exhaustive list of algo support for 2-d convolutions.

- CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_DATA_ALGO_0
 - Deterministic: No
 - dyDesc Format Support: NCHW CHW-packed
 - **dxDesc** Format Support: All
 - Data Type Config Support: All
- CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_DATA_ALGO_1
 - Deterministic: Yes
 - **dyDesc** Format Support: NCHW CHW-packed
 - **dxDesc** Format Support: All
 - Data Type Config Support: All
- CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_DATA_ALGO_FFT
 - Deterministic: Yes
 - dyDesc Format Support: NCHW CHW-packed
 - ► **dxDesc** Format Support: NCHW CHW-packed
 - Data Type Config Support: HALF_CONFIG, FLOAT_CONFIG
 - ► Notes:
 - dxDesc's feature map height + 2 * convDesc's zero-padding height must equal 256 or less
 - dxDesc's feature map width + 2 * convDesc's zero-padding width must equal 256 or less
 - **convDesc**'s vertical and horizontal filter stride must equal 1
 - wDesc's filter height must be greater than convDesc's zero-padding height

- **wDesc**'s filter width must be greater than **convDesc**'s zero-padding width
- CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_DATA_ALGO_FFT_TILING
 - Deterministic: Yes
 - **dyDesc** Format Support: NCHW CHW-packed
 - **dxDesc** Format Support: NCHW CHW-packed
 - Data Type Config Support: HALF_CONFIG, FLOAT_CONFIG
 - Notes:
 - wDesc's filter height must equal 32 or less
 - **wDesc**'s filter width must equal 32 or less
 - **convDesc**'s vertical and horizontal filter stride must equal 1
 - wDesc's filter height must be greater than convDesc's zero-padding height
 - wDesc's filter width must be greater than convDesc's zero-padding width

The following is an exhaustive list of algo support for 3-d convolutions.

► CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_DATA_ALGO_0

- Deterministic: No
- **dyDesc** Format Support: NCDHW CDHW-packed
- **dxDesc** Format Support: All
- Data Type Config Support: All
- CUDNN_CONVOLUTION_BWD_DATA_ALGO_1
 - Deterministic: Yes
 - ► dyDesc Format Support: NCDHW-fully-packed
 - dxDesc Format Support: NCDHW-fully-packed
 - Data Type Config Support: All

| Return Value | Meaning |
|------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The operation was launched successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: At least one of the following is NULL: handle, dyDesc, wDesc, convDesc, dxDesc, dy, w, dx, alpha, beta wDesc and dyDesc have a non-matching number of dimensions wDesc and dxDesc have a non-matching number of dimensions wDesc has fewer than three number of |
| | dimensions wDesc, dxDesc and dyDesc have a non-matching data type. wDesc and dxDesc have a non-matching number of input feature maps per image. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|-------------------------------|---|
| | dyDescs's spatial sizes do not match with the expected size as determined by cudnnGetConvolutionNdForwardOutputDim |
| CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED | At least one of the following conditions are met: • dyDesc or dxDesc have negative tensor |
| | dyDesc, wDesc or dxDesc has a number of dimensions that is not 4 or 5 The chosen algo does not support the parameters provided; see above for exhaustive list of parameter support for each algo |
| CUDNN_STATUS_MAPPING_ERROR | An error occurs during the texture binding of the filter data or the input differential tensor data |
| CUDNN_STATUS_EXECUTION_FAILED | The function failed to launch on the GPU. |

4.58. cudnnConvolutionBackwardData_v3

| cudnnStatus t | | |
|----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| cudnnConvolutionBackwardData_v3(| cudnnHandle_t | handle, |
| | const void | *alpha, |
| | <pre>const cudnnFilterDescriptor_t</pre> | wDesc, |
| | const void | *w, |
| | <pre>const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t</pre> | dyDesc, |
| | const void | *dy, |
| | <pre>const cudnnConvolutionDescriptor_ cudnnConvolutionBwdDataAlgo_t</pre> | t convDesc, algo, |
| | void | *workSpace, |
| | size_t | |
| workSpaceSizeInBytes, | | |
| | <pre>const void const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t void</pre> | *beta, dxDesc, *dx); |

This function is now equivalent to **cudnnConvolutionBackwardData**.

4.59. cudnnSoftmaxForward

| cudnnStatus t | | |
|----------------------|---|---|
| cudnnSoftmaxForward(| <pre>cudnnHandle_t cudnnSoftmaxAlgorithm_t cudnnSoftmaxMode_t const void const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t const void const void const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t void</pre> | <pre>handle, algorithm, mode, *alpha, xDesc, *x, *beta, yDesc, *y);</pre> |

This routine computes the softmax function.

All tensor formats are supported for all modes and algorithms with 4 and 5D tensors. Performance is expected to be highest with NCHW fully-packed tensors. For more than 5 dimensions tensors must be packed in their spatial dimensions

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|----------------|--------|---|
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN context. |
| algorithm | input | Enumerant to specify the softmax algorithm. |
| mode | input | Enumerant to specify the softmax mode. |
| alpha, beta | input | Pointers to scaling factors (in host memory) used to blend the computation result with prior value in the output layer as follows: dstValue = alpha[0]*result + beta[0]*priorDstValue. Please refer to this section for additional details. |
| xDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized input tensor descriptor. |
| x | input | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the tensor descriptor $xDesc$. |
| yDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized output tensor descriptor. |
| У | output | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the output tensor descriptor y Desc. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|-------------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The function launched successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: The dimensions n, c, h, w of the input tensor and output tensors differ. The datatype of the input tensor and output tensors differ. The parameters algorithm or mode have an invalid enumerant value. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_EXECUTION_FAILED | The function failed to launch on the GPU. |
4.60. cudnnSoftmaxBackward

| cudnnStatus t | | |
|-----------------------|--|------------|
| cudnnSoftmaxBackward(| cudnnHandle t | handle, |
| | cudnnSoftmaxAlgorithm t | algorithm, |
| | cudnnSoftmaxMode t | mode, |
| | const void | *alpha, |
| | <pre>const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t</pre> | yDesc, |
| | const void | *yData, |
| | <pre>const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t</pre> | dyDesc, |
| | const void | *dy, |
| | const void | *beta, |
| | <pre>const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t</pre> | dxDesc, |
| | void | *dx); |

This routine computes the gradient of the softmax function.

In-place operation is allowed for this routine; i.e., dy and dx pointers may be equal. However, this requires dyDesc and dxDesc descriptors to be identical (particularly, the strides of the input and output must match for in-place operation to be allowed).



All tensor formats are supported for all modes and algorithms with 4 and 5D tensors. Performance is expected to be highest with NCHW fully-packed tensors. For more than 5 dimensions tensors must be packed in their spatial dimensions

| Param | In/out | Meaning | |
|----------------|--------|---|--|
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN context. | |
| algorithm | input | Enumerant to specify the softmax algorithm. | |
| mode | input | Enumerant to specify the softmax mode. | |
| alpha, beta | input | Pointers to scaling factors (in host memory) used to blend the computation result with prior value in the output layer as follows: dstValue = alpha[0]*result + beta[0]*priorDstValue. Please refer to this section for additional details. | |
| yDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized input tensor descriptor. | |
| у | input | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the tensor descriptor y Desc. | |
| dyDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized input differential tensor descriptor. | |
| dy | input | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the tensor descriptor $dyData$. | |
| dxDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized output differential tensor descriptor. | |
| dx | output | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the output tensor descriptor dxDesc. | |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The function launched successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|-------------------------------|---|
| | The dimensions n, c, h, w of the yDesc, dyDesc and dxDesc tensors differ. The strides nStride, cStride, hStride, wStride of the yDesc and dyDesc tensors differ. The datatype of the three tensors differs. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_EXECUTION_FAILED | The function failed to launch on the GPU. |

4.61. cudnnCreatePoolingDescriptor

```
cudnnStatus_t cudnnCreatePoolingDescriptor( cudnnPoolingDescriptor_t*
poolingDesc )
```

This function creates a pooling descriptor object by allocating the memory needed to hold its opaque structure,

| Return Value | Meaning |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was created successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_ALLOC_FAILED | The resources could not be allocated. |

4.62. cudnnSetPooling2dDescriptor

This function initializes a previously created generic pooling descriptor object into a 2D description.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|---------------|------------------|--|
| poolingDesc | input/ output | Handle to a previously created pooling descriptor. |
| mode | input | Enumerant to specify the pooling mode. |
| windowHeig | htinput | Height of the pooling window. |
| windowWidt | hinput | Width of the pooling window. |
| verticalPadd | inigput | Size of vertical padding. |
| horizontalPa | dahipagt | Size of horizontal padding |
| verticalStrid | einput | Pooling vertical stride. |

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|--------------|----------|----------------------------|
| horizontalSt | ridheput | Pooling horizontal stride. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|---------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_ | subezzkeject was set successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_ | BAD GRASSIAN e of the parameters windowHeight, windowWidth, verticalStride, horizontalStride is negative or mode has an invalid enumerant value. |

4.63. cudnnGetPooling2dDescriptor

This function queries a previously created 2D pooling descriptor object.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|------------------|---------|--|
| poolingDesc | input | Handle to a previously created pooling descriptor. |
| mode | output | Enumerant to specify the pooling mode. |
| windowHeight | output | Height of the pooling window. |
| windowWidth | output | Width of the pooling window. |
| verticalPadding | output | Size of vertical padding. |
| horizontalPaddir | goutput | Size of horizontal padding. |
| verticalStride | output | Pooling vertical stride. |
| horizontalStride | output | Pooling horizontal stride. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was set successfully. |

4.64. cudnnSetPoolingNdDescriptor

This function initializes a previously created generic pooling descriptor object.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|-------------|------------------|--|
| poolingDesc | input/ output | Handle to a previously created pooling descriptor. |
| mode | input | Enumerant to specify the pooling mode. |
| nbDims | input | Dimension of the pooling operation. |
| windowDimA | output | Array of dimension nDDims containing the window size for each dimension. |
| paddingA | output | Array of dimension nbDims containing the padding size for each dimension. |
| strideA | output | Array of dimension nbDims containing the striding size for each dimension. |

The possible error values returned by this function and their meanings are listed below.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|------------------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was set successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the elements of the arrays windowDimA, paddingA or strideA is negative Or mode has an invalid enumerant value. |

4.65. cudnnGetPoolingNdDescriptor

| cudnnStatus t | |
|------------------------------|--|
| cudnnGetPoolingNdDescriptor(| <pre>const cudnnPoolingDescriptor_t poolingDesc, int nbDimsRequested, cudnnPoolingMode_t *mode, int *nbDims, int windowDimA[], int paddingA[], int strideA[])</pre> |
| | |

This function queries a previously initialized generic pooling descriptor object.

| Param | ln/ out | Meaning |
|-------------|------------|--|
| poolingDesc | input | Handle to a previously created pooling descriptor. |

| Param | ln/ out | Meaning | |
|---|------------|--|--|
| nbDimsRequesterdut Dimension of the expected pooling descriptor. the arrays windowDimA, paddingA and strict results | | Dimension of the expected pooling descriptor. It is also the minimum size of the arrays windowDimA, paddingA and strideA in order to be able to hold the results | |
| mode | output | Enumerant to specify the pooling mode. | |
| nbDims | output | Actual dimension of the pooling descriptor. | |
| windowDimA | output | Array of dimension of at least nbDimsRequested that will be filled with the window parameters from the provided pooling descriptor. | |
| paddingA | output | Array of dimension of at least nbDimsRequested that will be filled with the padding parameters from the provided pooling descriptor. | |
| strideA | output | Array of dimension at least nbDimsRequested that will be filled with the stride parameters from the provided pooling descriptor. | |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was queried successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED | The parameter nbDimsRequested is greater than CUDNN_DIM_MAX. |

4.66. cudnnSetPooling2dDescriptor_v4

| cudnnStatus t | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| cudnnSetPooling2dDescriptor v4(| cudnnPoolingDescriptor t poolingDesc, |
| _ | cudnnPoolingMode_t mode, |
| | cudnnNanPropagation_t maxpoolingNanOpt, |
| | int windowHeight, |
| | int windowWidth, |
| | int verticalPadding, |
| | int horizontalPadding, |
| | int verticalStride, |
| | <pre>int horizontalStride)</pre> |

This function initializes a previously created generic pooling descriptor object into a 2D description.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|--------------|------------------|--|
| poolingDesc | input/ output | Handle to a previously created pooling descriptor. |
| mode | input | Enumerant to specify the pooling mode. |
| maxpooling | lain (öpt | Enumerant to specify the Nan propagation mode. |
| windowHeig | ntinput | Height of the pooling window. |
| windowWidt | hinput | Width of the pooling window. |
| verticalPadd | inigput | Size of vertical padding. |

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|---------------|-----------|----------------------------|
| horizontalPa | döhipigt | Size of horizontal padding |
| verticalStrid | einput | Pooling vertical stride. |
| horizontalSt | riidheput | Pooling horizontal stride. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|---------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_ | subendagect was set successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_ | BAD Grastrone of the parameters windowHeight, windowWidth, verticalStride, horizontalStride is negative Or mode Or maxpoolingNanOpt has an invalid enumerant value. |

4.67. cudnnGetPooling2dDescriptor_v4

This function queries a previously created 2D pooling descriptor object.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|------------------|----------|--|
| poolingDesc | input | Handle to a previously created pooling descriptor. |
| mode | output | Enumerant to specify the pooling mode. |
| maxpoolingNanC | potutput | Enumerant to specify the Nan propagation mode. |
| windowHeight | output | Height of the pooling window. |
| windowWidth | output | Width of the pooling window. |
| verticalPadding | output | Size of vertical padding. |
| horizontalPaddir | goutput | Size of horizontal padding. |
| verticalStride | output | Pooling vertical stride. |
| horizontalStride | output | Pooling horizontal stride. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was set successfully. |

4.68. cudnnSetPoolingNdDescriptor_v4

This function initializes a previously created generic pooling descriptor object.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|----------------|------------------|--|
| poolingDesc | input/ output | Handle to a previously created pooling descriptor. |
| mode | input | Enumerant to specify the pooling mode. |
| maxpoolingNanC | pitnput | Enumerant to specify the Nan propagation mode. |
| nbDims | input | Dimension of the pooling operation. |
| windowDimA | output | Array of dimension nbDims containing the window size for each dimension. |
| paddingA | output | Array of dimension nbDims containing the padding size for each dimension. |
| strideA | output | Array of dimension nbDims containing the striding size for each dimension. |

The possible error values returned by this function and their meanings are listed below.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|------------------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was set successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the elements of the arrays windowDimA, paddingA or strideA is negative Or mode Or maxpoolingNanOpthas an invalid enumerant value. |

4.69. cudnnGetPoolingNdDescriptor_v4

This function queries a previously initialized generic pooling descriptor object.

| Param | ln/ out | Meaning |
|--------------|------------|--|
| poolingDesc | input | Handle to a previously created pooling descriptor. |
| nbDimsReque | stuepdut | Dimension of the expected pooling descriptor. It is also the minimum size of the arrays windowDimA, paddingA and strideA in order to be able to hold the results |
| mode | output | Enumerant to specify the pooling mode. |
| maxpoolingNa | a miQppatt | Enumerant to specify the Nan propagation mode. |
| nbDims | output | Actual dimension of the pooling descriptor. |
| windowDimA | output | Array of dimension of at least nbDimsRequested that will be filled with the window parameters from the provided pooling descriptor. |
| paddingA | output | Array of dimension of at least nbDimsRequested that will be filled with the padding parameters from the provided pooling descriptor. |
| strideA | output | Array of dimension at least nblimsRequested that will be filled with the stride parameters from the provided pooling descriptor. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was queried successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED | The parameter nbDimsRequested is greater than CUDNN_DIM_MAX. |

4.70. cudnnDestroyPoolingDescriptor

cudnnStatus_t cudnnDestroyPoolingDescriptor(cudnnPoolingDescriptor_t
poolingDesc)

This function destroys a previously created pooling descriptor object.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was destroyed successfully. |

4.71. cudnnGetPooling2dForwardOutputDim

| - | | |
|------------------------------------|---|----|
| cudnnStatus t | | |
| | | |
| cudnnGetPooling2dForwardOutputDim(| const cudnnPoolingDescriptor t poolingDes | С, |
| 5 1 | | |
| | const cudnnTensorDescriptor t inputDesc, | |
| | | |
| | IIIC "OUCN, | |
| | int tout C | |
| | Int oute, | |
| | int *outH | |
| | | |
| | int *outW) | |
| | | |

This function provides the output dimensions of a tensor after 2d pooling has been applied

| Each dimension h and w of the output images is computed as followed: | | | |
|--|-------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| outputDim = 1 + | (inputDim + | 2*padding - windowDim)/poolingStride; | |

| Param | In/out | Meaning | |
|-------------|--------|---|--|
| poolingDesc | input | Handle to a previously inititalized pooling descriptor. | |
| inputDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized input tensor descriptor. | |
| N | output | Number of images in the output | |
| с | output | Number of channels in the output | |
| н | output | Height of images in the output | |
| w | output | Width of images in the output | |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The function launched successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: poolingDesc has not been initialized. poolingDesc Or inputDesc has an invalid number of dimensions (2 and 4 respectively are required). |

4.72. cudnnGetPoolingNdForwardOutputDim

This function provides the output dimensions of a tensor after Nd pooling has been applied

Each dimension of the (nbDims-2) -D images of the output tensor is computed as followed:

```
outputDim = 1 + (inputDim + 2*padding - windowDim)/poolingStride;
```

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|-------------|---|---|
| poolingDesc | input Handle to a previously inititalized pooling descriptor. | |
| inputDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized input tensor descriptor. |
| nbDims | input | Number of dimensions in which pooling is to be applied. |
| outDimA | output | Array of nbDims output dimensions |

 Return Value
 Meaning

 CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS
 The function launched successfully.

 CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM
 At least one of the following conditions are met:

 > poolingDesc has not been initialized.

 > The value of nbDims is inconsistent with the dimensionality of poolingDesc and inputDesc.

The possible error values returned by this function and their meanings are listed below.

4.73. cudnnPoolingForward

| Cuannstatus t | | | |
|----------------------|--------|--------------------------|--------------|
| cudnnPoolingForward(| cudnnH | Handle t | handle, |
| | const | cudnnPoolingDescriptor_t | poolingDesc, |
| | const | void | *alpha, |
| | const | cudnnTensorDescriptor_t | xDesc, |
| | const | void | *×, |
| | const | void | *beta, |
| | const | cudnnTensorDescriptor_t | yDesc, |
| | void | | *y); |

packed tensors. Only 2 and 3 spatial dimensions are allowed.

This function computes pooling of input values (i.e., the maximum or average of several adjacent values) to produce an output with smaller height and/or width.

All tensor formats are supported, best performance is expected when using HW-

| Param | In/out | Meaning | |
|-------------|--------|---|--|
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN context. | |
| poolingDesc | input | Handle to a previously initialized pooling descriptor. | |
| alpha, beta | input | Pointers to scaling factors (in host memory) used to blend the computation result with prior value in the output layer as follows: dstValue = alpha[0]*result + beta[0]*priorDstValue. Please refer to this section for additional details. | |
| xDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized input tensor descriptor. | |
| x | input | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the tensor descriptor x Desc. | |
| yDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized output tensor descriptor. | |
| у | output | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the output tensor descriptor \mathbf{y} Desc. | |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The function launched successfully. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|-------------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: The dimensions n, c of the input tensor and output tensors differ. The datatype of the input tensor and output tensors differs. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED | The wstride of input tensor or output tensor is not 1. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_EXECUTION_FAILED | The function failed to launch on the GPU. |

4.74. cudnnPoolingBackward

| cudnnStatus t | | | |
|-----------------------|-------|--------------------------|--------------|
| cudnnPoolingBackward(| cudnn | Handle t handle, | |
| | const | cudnnPoolingDescriptor t | poolingDesc, |
| | const | void | *alpha, |
| | const | cudnnTensorDescriptor t | yDesc, |
| | const | void | *Y, |
| | const | cudnnTensorDescriptor t | dyDesc, |
| | const | void | *dy, |
| | const | cudnnTensorDescriptor t | xDesc, |
| | const | void | *xData, |
| | const | void | *beta, |
| | const | cudnnTensorDescriptor_t | dxDesc, |
| | void | _ | *dx) |

This function computes the gradient of a pooling operation.

All tensor formats are supported, best performance is expected when using Hwpacked tensors. Only 2 and 3 spatial dimensions are allowed

| Param | ln/ out | Meaning |
|----------------|------------|---|
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN context. |
| poolingDe | simput | Handle to the previously initialized pooling descriptor. |
| alpha, beta | input | Pointers to scaling factors (in host memory) used to blend the computation result with prior value in the output layer as follows: dstValue = alpha[0]*result + beta[0]*priorDstValue. Please refer to this section for additional details. |
| yDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized input tensor descriptor. |
| у | input | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the tensor descriptor y Desc. |
| dyDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized input differential tensor descriptor. |
| dy | input | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the tensor descriptor $dyData$. |
| xDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized output tensor descriptor. |
| x | input | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the output tensor descriptor $xDesc$. |

| Param | ln/ out | Meaning |
|--------|------------|---|
| dxDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized output differential tensor descriptor. |
| dx | output | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the output tensor descriptor dxDesc. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|-------------------------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The function launched successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: The dimensions n, c, h, w of the yDesc and dyDesc tensors differ. The strides nstride, cStride, hStride, wStride of the yDesc and dyDesc tensors differ. The dimensions n, c, h, w of the dxDesc and dxDesc tensors differ. The strides nstride, cStride, hStride, wStride of the xDesc and dxDesc tensors differ. The strides nstride, cStride, hStride, wStride of the xDesc and dxDesc tensors differ. The strides nstride, cStride, hStride, wStride of the xDesc and dxDesc tensors differ. The datatype of the four tensors differ. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED | The wstride of input tensor or output tensor is not 1. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_EXECUTION_FAILED | The function failed to launch on the GPU. |

4.75. cudnnActivationForward

| cudnnStatus t | | |
|-------------------------|--|----------|
| cudnnActivationForward(| cudnnHandle t | handle, |
| | cudnnActivationMode t | mode, |
| | const void | *alpha, |
| | <pre>const cudnnTensorDescriptor t</pre> | xDesc, |
| | const void | *xData, |
| | const void | *beta, |
| | <pre>const cudnnTensorDescriptor t</pre> | yDesc, |
| | void | *vData) |

This routine applies a specified neuron activation function element-wise over each input value.



In-place operation is allowed for this routine; i.e., **xData** and **yData** pointers may be equal. However, this requires **xDesc** and **yDesc** descriptors to be identical

(particularly, the strides of the input and output must match for in-place operation to be allowed).

•

All tensor formats are supported for 4 and 5 dimensions, however best performance is obtained when the strides of **xDesc** and **yDesc** are equal and **HW-packed**. For more than 5 dimensions the tensors must have their spatial dimensions packed.

| Param | ln/ out | Meaning |
|----------------|------------|---|
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN context. |
| mode | input | Enumerant to specify the activation mode. |
| alpha, beta | input | Pointers to scaling factors (in host memory) used to blend the computation result with prior value in the output layer as follows: dstValue = alpha[0]*result + beta[0]*priorDstValue. Please refer to this section for additional details. |
| xDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized input tensor descriptor. |
| x | input | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the tensor descriptor $xDesc$. |
| yDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized output tensor descriptor. |
| у | output | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the output tensor descriptor \mathbf{y} Desc. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|-------------------------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The function launched successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: The parameter mode has an invalid enumerant value. The dimensions n, c, h, w of the input tensor and output tensors differ. The datatype of the input tensor and output tensors differs. The strides nStride, cStride, hStride, wStride of the input tensor and output tensors differ and inplace operation is used (i.e., x and y pointers are equal). |
| CUDNN_STATUS_EXECUTION_FAILED | The function failed to launch on the GPU. |

4.76. cudnnActivationBackward

| cudnnStatus t | | | |
|--------------------------|---------|-------------------------|---------|
| cudnnActivationBackward(| cudnnHa | andle_t | handle, |
| | cudnnAd | ctivationMode t | mode, |
| | const v | void | *alpha, |
| | const d | cudnnTensorDescriptor_t | yDesc, |
| | const v | void | *Y, |
| | const d | cudnnTensorDescriptor_t | dyDesc, |
| | const v | void | *dy, |
| | const d | cudnnTensorDescriptor_t | xDesc, |
| | const v | void | *x, |
| | const v | void | *beta, |
| | const d | cudnnTensorDescriptor_t | dxDesc, |
| | void | | *dx); |

This routine computes the gradient of a neuron activation function.

In-place operation is allowed for this routine; i.e. dy and dx pointers may be equal. However, this requires the corresponding tensor descriptors to be identical (particularly, the strides of the input and output must match for in-place operation to be allowed).

All tensor formats are supported for 4 and 5 dimensions, however best performance is obtained when the strides of yDesc and xDesc are equal and HW-packed. For more than 5 dimensions the tensors must have their spatial dimensions packed.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|----------------|--------|---|
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN context. |
| mode | input | Enumerant to specify the activation mode. |
| alpha, beta | input | Pointers to scaling factors (in host memory) used to blend the computation result with prior value in the output layer as follows: dstValue = alpha[0]*result + beta[0]*priorDstValue. Please refer to this section for additional details. |
| yDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized input tensor descriptor. |
| у | input | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the tensor descriptor y Desc. |
| dyDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized input differential tensor descriptor. |
| dy | input | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the tensor descriptor $dyDesc$. |
| xDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized output tensor descriptor. |
| x | input | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the output tensor descriptor $xDesc$. |
| dxDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized output differential tensor descriptor. |
| dx | output | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the output tensor descriptor dxDesc. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|-------------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The function launched successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: The parameter mode has an invalid enumerant value. The strides nstride, cstride, hstride, wstride of the input differential tensor and output differential tensors differ and in-place operation is used. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED | At least one of the following conditions are met: The dimensions n, c, h, w of the input tensor and output tensors differ. The datatype of the input tensor and output tensors differs. The strides nstride, cstride, hstride, wstride of the input tensor and the input differential tensor differ. The strides nstride, cstride, hstride, wstride of the output tensor and the output differential tensor differ. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_EXECUTION_FAILED | The function failed to launch on the GPU. |

4.77. cudnnCreateActivationDescriptor

```
cudnnStatus_t
    cudnnCreateActivationDescriptor( cudnnActivationDescriptor_t
 *activationDesc )
```

This function creates a activation descriptor object by allocating the memory needed to hold its opaque structure.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was created successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_ALLOC_FAILED | The resources could not be allocated. |

4.78. cudnnSetActivationDescriptor

```
cudnnStatus_t
cudnnSetActivationDescriptor( cudnnActivationDescriptor_t
activationDesc,
cudnnActivationMode_t mode,
cudnnNanPropagation_t reluNanOpt,
double reluCeiling)
```

This function initializes a previously created generic activation descriptor object.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|--------------|-------------------|---|
| activationDe | simput/ output | Handle to a previously created pooling descriptor. |
| mode | input | Enumerant to specify the activation mode. |
| reluNanOpt, | input | Enumerant to specify the Nan propagation mode. |
| reluCeiling | input | floating point number to specify the clipping threashod when the activation mode is set to CUDNN_ACTIVATION_CLIPPED_RELU. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|---------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_ | subershipect was set successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_ | BabdearrameluNanOpt has an invalid enumerant value. |

4.79. cudnnGetActivationDescriptor

This function queries a previously initialized generic activation descriptor object.

| Param | ln/ out | Meaning |
|--------------|------------|---|
| activationDe | cinput | Handle to a previously created activation descriptor. |
| mode | output | Enumerant to specify the activation mode. |
| reluNanOpt, | output | Enumerant to specify the Nan propagation mode. |
| reluCeiling | output | floating point number to specify the clipping threashod when the activation mode is set to CUDNN_ACTIVATION_CLIPPED_RELU. |

The possible error values returned by this function and their meanings are listed below.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was queried successfully. |

4.80. cudnnDestroyActivationDescriptor

```
cudnnStatus_t
    cudnnDestroyActivationDescriptor( cudnnActivationDescriptor_t
    activationDesc )
```

This function destroys a previously created activation descriptor object.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was destroyed successfully. |

4.81. cudnnActivationForward_v4

```
cudnnActivationForward_v4( cudnnHandle_t handle,
cudnnActivationDescriptor_t activationDesc,
const void *alpha,
const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t srcDesc,
const void *srcData,
const void *beta,
const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t destDesc,
void *destData )
```

This routine applies a specified neuron activation function element-wise over each input value.

In-place operation is allowed for this routine; i.e., **xData** and **yData** pointers may be equal. However, this requires **xDesc** and **yDesc** descriptors to be identical (particularly, the strides of the input and output must match for in-place operation to be allowed).

All tensor formats are supported for 4 and 5 dimensions, however best performance is obtained when the strides of xDesc and yDesc are equal and HW-packed. For more than 5 dimensions the tensors must have their spatial dimensions packed.

| Param | ln/ out | Meaning |
|----------------|------------------|---|
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN context. |
| activatio | ni Des t, | Activation descriptor. |
| alpha, beta | input | Pointers to scaling factors (in host memory) used to blend the computation result with prior value in the output layer as follows: dstValue = alpha[0]*result + beta[0]*priorDstValue. Please refer to this section for additional details. |
| xDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized input tensor descriptor. |
| x | input | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the tensor descriptor xDesc . |
| yDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized output tensor descriptor. |
| у | output | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the output tensor descriptor $yDesc$. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The function launched successfully. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|-------------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: The parameter mode has an invalid enumerant value. The dimensions n, c, h, w of the input tensor and output tensors differ. The datatype of the input tensor and output tensors differs. |
| | The strides nStride, cStride, hStride, wStride of the input tensor and output tensors differ and in- place operation is used (i.e., x and y pointers are equal). |
| CUDNN_STATUS_EXECUTION_FAILED | The function failed to launch on the GPU. |

4.82. cudnnActivationBackward_v4

| cudnnStatus t | | |
|-----------------------------|--|---|
| cudnnActivationBackward_v4(| <pre>cudnnHandle_t cudnnActivationDescriptor_t const void const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t const void const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t const void const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t const void const void const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t void</pre> | <pre>handle, activationDesc, *alpha, srcDesc, *srcData, srcDiffDesc, *srcDiffData, destDesc, *destData, *beta, destDiffDesc, *destDiffData)</pre> |
| | VOLU | "destDillData) |

This routine computes the gradient of a neuron activation function.

In-place operation is allowed for this routine; i.e. dy and dx pointers may be equal. However, this requires the corresponding tensor descriptors to be identical (particularly, the strides of the input and output must match for in-place operation to be allowed).

All tensor formats are supported for 4 and 5 dimensions, however best performance is obtained when the strides of yDesc and xDesc are equal and HW-packed. For more than 5 dimensions the tensors must have their spatial dimensions packed.

| Param | ln/out | Meaning |
|----------------|-----------|---|
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN context. |
| activatio | n Dræsat, | Activation descriptor. |
| alpha, beta | input | Pointers to scaling factors (in host memory) used to blend the computation result with prior value in the output layer as follows: dstValue = alpha[0]*result + beta[0]*priorDstValue. Please refer to this section for additional details. |

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|--------|--------|---|
| yDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized input tensor descriptor. |
| у | input | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the tensor descriptor \mathbf{y} Desc. |
| dyDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized input differential tensor descriptor. |
| dy | input | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the tensor descriptor $dyDesc$. |
| xDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized output tensor descriptor. |
| x | input | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the output tensor descriptor xDesc. |
| dxDesc | input | Handle to the previously initialized output differential tensor descriptor. |
| dx | output | Data pointer to GPU memory associated with the output tensor descriptor dxDesc. |

| Return Value | Meaning | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The function launched successfully. | |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: The strides nstride, cstride, hstride, wstride of the input differential tensor and output differential tensors differ and in-place operation is used. | |
| CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED | At least one of the following conditions are met: The dimensions n, c, h, w of the input tensor and output tensors differ. The datatype of the input tensor and output tensors differs. The strides nStride, cStride, hStride, wStride of the input tensor and the input differential tensor differ. The strides nStride, cStride, hStride, wStride of the output tensor and the output differential tensor differ. | |
| CUDNN_STATUS_EXECUTION_FAILED | The function failed to launch on the GPU. | |

4.83. cudnnCreateLRNDescriptor

cudnnStatus_t cudnnCreateLRNDescriptor(cudnnLRNDescriptor_t* poolingDesc)

This function allocates the memory needed to hold the data needed for LRN and DivisiveNormalization layers operation and returns a descriptor used with subsequent layer forward and backward calls.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was created successfully. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| CUDNN_STATUS_ALLOC_FAILED | The resources could not be allocated. |

4.84. cudnnSetLRNDescriptor

| cudnnStatus_t | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------|
| CUDNNWINAPI cudnnSetLRNDescriptor(| cudnnLRNDescriptor_t | normDesc, |
| | unsigned | lrnN, |
| | double | lrnAlpha, |
| | double | lrnBeta, |
| | double | lrnK); |
| | | |

This function initializes a previously created LRN descriptor object.



Macros CUDNN_LRN_MIN_N, CUDNN_LRN_MAX_N, CUDNN_LRN_MIN_K, CUDNN_LRN_MIN_BETA defined in cudnn.h specify valid ranges for parameters.

Values of double parameters will be cast down to the tensor datatype during computation.

| | 1.7 | |
|----------|------------|--|
| Param | In/ out | Meaning |
| normDesc | output | Handle to a previously created LRN descriptor. |
| lrnN | input | Normalization window width in elements. LRN layer uses a window [center- lookBehind, center+lookAhead], where lookBehind = floor((lrnN-1)/2), lookAhead = lrnN-lookBehind-1. So for n=10, the window is [k-4k+5] with a total of 10 samples. For DivisiveNormalization layer the window has the same extents as above in all 'spatial' dimensions (dimA[2], dimA[3], dimA[4]). By default lrnN is set to 5 in cudnnCreateLRNDescriptor. |
| lrnAlpha | input | Value of the alpha variance scaling parameter in the normalization formula. Inside the library code this value is divided by the window width for LRN and by (window width)^#spatialDimensions for DivisiveNormalization. By default this value is set to 1e-4 in cudnnCreateLRNDescriptor. |
| lrnBeta | input | Value of the beta power parameter in the normalization formula. By default this value is set to 0.75 in cudnnCreateLRNDescriptor. |
| lrnK | input | Value of the k parameter in normalization formula. By default this value is set to 2.0. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|------------------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was set successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | One of the input parameters was out of valid range as described above. |

4.85. cudnnGetLRNDescriptor

| cudnnStatus | t | | |
|-------------|------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| CUDNNWINAPI | cudnnGetLRNDescriptor(| cudnnLRNDescriptor t | normDesc, |
| | | unsigned | *lrnN, |
| | | double | *lrnAlpha, |
| | | double | *lrnBeta, |
| | | double | <pre>*lrnK);</pre> |

This function retrieves values stored in the previously initialized LRN descriptor object.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|-------------------------------------|--------|---|
| normDesc | output | Handle to a previously created LRN descriptor. |
| lrnN, lrnAlpha, lrnBeta, lrnK | output | Pointers to receive values of parameters stored in the descriptor object. See cudnnSetLRNDescriptor for more details. Any of these pointers can be NULL (no value is returned for the corresponding parameter). |

Possible error values returned by this function and their meanings are listed below.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | Function completed successfully. |

4.86. cudnnDestroyLRNDescriptor

cudnnStatus_t cudnnDestroyLRNDescriptor(cudnnLRNDescriptor_t lrnDesc)

This function destroys a previously created LRN descriptor object.

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The object was destroyed successfully. |

4.87. cudnnLRNCrossChannelForward

```
cudnnStatus_t CUDNNWINAPI cudnnLRNCrossChannelForward(
   cudnnHandle t
                            handle,
   cudnnLRNDescriptor t
                                  normDesc,
   cudnnLRNMode_t
                                 lrnMode,
   const void*
                                 alpha,
   const cudnnTensorDescriptor t xDesc,
                                  *x,
   const void
                                *beta,
   const void
   const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t yDesc,
                                 *y);
   void
```

This function performs the forward LRN layer computation.



Supported formats are: positive-strided, NCHW for 4D x and y, and only NCDHW DHW-packed for 5D (for both x and y). Only non-overlapping 4D and 5D tensors are supported.

| Param | ln/ out | Meaning |
|-----------------|------------|--|
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN library descriptor. |
| normDesc | input | Handle to a previously intialized LRN parameter descriptor. |
| lrnMode | input | LRN layer mode of operation. Currently only CUDNN_LRN_CROSS_CHANNEL_DIM1 is implemented. Normalization is performed along the tensor's dimA[1]. |
| alpha, beta | input | Pointers to scaling factors (in host memory) used to blend the layer output value with prior value in the destination tensor as follows: dstValue = alpha[0]*resultValue + beta[0]*priorDstValue. Please refer to this section for additional details. |
| xDesc, yDesc | input | Tensor descriptor objects for the input and output tensors. |
| x | input | Input tensor data pointer in device memory. |
| у | output | Output tensor data pointer in device memory. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The computation was performed successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: One of the tensor pointers x, y is NULL. Number of input tensor dimensions is 2 or less. LRN descriptor parameters are outside of their valid ranges. One of tensor parameters is 5D but is not in NCDHW DHW-packed format. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED | At least one of the following conditions are met: Any of the input tensor datatypes is not the same as any of the output tensor datatype. x and y tensor dimensions mismatch. Any tensor parameters strides are negative. |

4.88. cudnnLRNCrossChannelBackward

| cudnnStatı | is t CUDNNWINAPI cudnnLRN | NCrossChannelBackward(|
|------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| cudnnH | Handle_t | handle, |
| cudnnI | LRNDescriptor_t | normDesc, |
| cudnnI | _RNMode_t | lrnMode, |
| const | void* | alpha, |
| const | cudnnTensorDescriptor_t | yDesc, |
| const | void | *Y, |
| const | cudnnTensorDescriptor_t | dyDesc, |
| const | void | *dy, |
| const | cudnnTensorDescriptor_t | xDesc, |
| const | void | *x, |
| const | void | *beta, |
| const | cudnnTensorDescriptor_t | dxDesc, |
| void | _ | *dx); |

This function performs the backward LRN layer computation.



Supported formats are: positive-strided, NCHW for 4D x and y, and only NCDHW DHW-packed for 5D (for both x and y). Only non-overlapping 4D and 5D tensors are supported.

| Param | ln/ out | Meaning |
|----------------|------------|--|
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN library descriptor. |
| normDesc | input | Handle to a previously intialized LRN parameter descriptor. |
| lrnMode | input | LRN layer mode of operation. Currently only CUDNN_LRN_CROSS_CHANNEL_DIM1 is implemented. Normalization is performed along the tensor's dimA[1]. |
| alpha, beta | input | Pointers to scaling factors (in host memory) used to blend the layer output value with prior value in the destination tensor as follows: dstValue = alpha[0]*resultValue + beta[0]*priorDstValue. Please refer to this section for additional details. |
| yDesc, y | input | Tensor descriptor and pointer in device memory for the layer's y data. |
| dyDesc, dy | input | Tensor descriptor and pointer in device memory for the layer's input cumulative loss differential data dy (including error backpropagation). |
| xDesc, x | input | Tensor descriptor and pointer in device memory for the layer's x data. Note that these values are not modified during backpropagation. |
| dxDesc, dx | output | Tensor descriptor and pointer in device memory for the layer's resulting cumulative loss differential data dx (including error backpropagation). |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The computation was performed successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|----------------------------|---|
| | One of the tensor pointers x, y is NULL. Number of input tensor dimensions is 2 or less. LRN descriptor parameters are outside of their valid ranges. One of tensor parameters is 5D but is not in NCDHW DHW-packed format. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED | At least one of the following conditions are met: Any of the input tensor datatypes is not the same as any of the output tensor datatype. Any pairwise tensor dimensions mismatch for x,y,dx,dy. Any tensor parameters strides are negative. |

4.89. cudnnDivisiveNormalizationForward

```
cudnnStatus t CUDNNWINAPI cudnnDivisiveNormalizationForward(
   cudnnHandle_t handle,
cudnnLRNDescriptor_t normDesc,
cudnnDivNormMode_t mode,
const void *alpha,
                                         *alpha,
    const void
    const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t
                                          xDesc,
                                         *×,
    const void
                                         *means,
    const void
                                         *temp,
    void
                                         *temp2,
    void
    const void
                                         *beta,
    const cudnnTensorDescriptor t yDesc,
                                         *y);
    void
```

This function performs the forward spatial DivisiveNormalization layer computation. It divides every value in a layer by the standard deviation of it's spatial neighbors as described in *"What is the Best Multi-Stage Architecture for Object Recognition"*, Jarrett 2009, Local Contrast Normalization Layer section. Note that Divisive Normalization only implements the x/max(c, sigma_x) portion of the computation, where sigma_x is the variance over the spatial neighborhood of x. The full LCN (Local Contrastive Normalization can be implemented as a two-step process:

 $x_m = x$ -mean(x);

 $y = x_m/max(c, sigma(x_m));$

The "x-mean(x)" which is often referred to as "subtractive normalization" portion of the computation can be implemented using cuDNN average pooling layer followed by a call to addTensor.



Supported tensor formats are NCHW for 4D and NCDHW for 5D with any nonoverlapping non-negative strides. Only 4D and 5D tensors are supported.

| Param | In/out | Meaning |
|-----------------|----------|---|
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN library descriptor. |
| normDesc | input | Handle to a previously intialized LRN parameter descriptor. This descriptor is used for both LRN and DivisiveNormalization layers. |
| divNormMo | dénput | DivisiveNormalization layer mode of operation. Currently only CUDNN_DIVNORM_PRECOMPUTED_MEANS is implemented. Normalization is performed using the means input tensor that is expected to be precomputed by the user. |
| alpha, beta | input | Pointers to scaling factors (in host memory) used to blend the layer output value with prior value in the destination tensor as follows: dstValue = alpha[0]*resultValue + beta[0]*priorDstValue. Please refer to this section for additional details. |
| xDesc, yDesc | input | Tensor descriptor objects for the input and output tensors. Note that xDesc is shared between x, means, temp and temp2 tensors. |
| x | input | Input tensor data pointer in device memory. |
| means | input | Input means tensor data pointer in device memory. Note that this tensor can be NULL (in that case it's values are assumed to be zero during the computation). This tensor also doesn't have to contain means, these can be any values, a frequently used variation is a result of convolution with a normalized positive kernel (such as Gaussian). |
| temp, temp2 | workspac | eTemporary tensors in device memory. These are used for computing intermediate values during the forward pass. These tensors do not have to be preserved as inputs from forward to the backward pass. Both use xDesc as their descriptor. |
| у | output | Pointer in device memory to a tensor for the result of the forward DivisiveNormalization computation. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|--------------------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The computation was performed successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: One of the tensor pointers x, y, temp, temp2 is NULL. Number of input tensor or output tensor dimensions is outside of [4,5] range. A mismatch in dimensions between any two of the input or output tensors. For in-place computation when pointers x == y, a mismatch in strides between the input data and output data tensors. Alpha or beta pointer is NULL. LRN descriptor parameters are outside of their valid ranges. Any of the tensor strides are negative. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_UNSUPPORTED | At least one of the following conditions are met: |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|--------------|---|
| | Any of the input and output tensor strides mismatch (for the same dimension). |

4.90. cudnnDivisiveNormalizationBackward

| cudnnStatus t | |
|--|--------------|
| CUDNNWINAPI cudnnDivisiveNormalizat | ionBackward(|
| cudnnHandle t | handle, |
| cudnnLRNDescriptor_t | normDesc, |
| cudnnDivNormMode_t | mode, |
| const void | *alpha, |
| <pre>const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t</pre> | xDesc, |
| const void | *x, |
| const void | *means, |
| const void | *dy, |
| void | *temp, |
| void | *temp2, |
| const void | *beta, |
| <pre>const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t</pre> | dxDesc, |
| void | *dx, |
| void | *dMeans); |

This function performs the backward DivisiveNormalization layer computation.

Supported tensor formats are NCHW for 4D and NCDHW for 5D with any nonoverlapping non-negative strides. Only 4D and 5D tensors are supported.

| Param | ln/ out | Meaning |
|--------------------|------------|--|
| handle | input | Handle to a previously created cuDNN library descriptor. |
| normDesc | input | Handle to a previously intialized LRN parameter descriptor (this descriptor is used for both LRN and DivisiveNormalization layers). |
| mode | input | DivisiveNormalization layer mode of operation. Currently only CUDNN_DIVNORM_PRECOMPUTED_MEANS is implemented. Normalization is performed using the means input tensor that is expected to be precomputed by the user. |
| alpha, beta | input | Pointers to scaling factors (in host memory) used to blend the layer output value with prior value in the destination tensor as follows: dstValue = alpha[0]*resultValue + beta[0]*priorDstValue. Please refer to this section for additional details. |
| xDesc, x, means | input | Tensor descriptor and pointers in device memory for the layer's x and means data. Note: the means tensor is expected to be precomputed by the user. It can also contain any valid values (not required to be actual means, and can be for instance a result of a convolution with a Gaussian kernel). |
| dy | input | Tensor pointer in device memory for the layer's dy cumulative loss differential data (error backpropagation). |
| temp, temp2 | worksp | atæmporary tensors in device memory. These are used for computing intermediate values during the backward pass. These tensors do not have to be preserved from forward to backward pass. Both use xDesc as a descriptor. |

| Param | ln/ out | Meaning |
|---------------|------------|--|
| dxDesc | input | Tensor descriptor for dx and dMeans. |
| dx, dMeans | output | Tensor pointers (in device memory) for the layer's resulting cumulative gradients dx and dMeans (dLoss/dx and dLoss/dMeans). Both share the same descriptor. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|--------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The computation was performed successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: One of the tensor pointers x, dx, temp, tmep2, dy is NULL. Number of any of the input or output tensor dimensions is not within the [4,5] range. Either alpha or beta pointer is NULL. A mismatch in dimensions between xDesc and dxDesc. LRN descriptor parameters are outside of their valid ranges. Any of the tensor strides is negative. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_UNSUPPORTED | At least one of the following conditions are met: Any of the input and output tensor strides mismatch (for the same dimension). |

4.91. cudnnBatchNormalizationForwardInference

cudnnStatus_t CUDNNWINAPI cudnnBatchNormalizationForwardInference(cudnnHandle t handle, cudnnBatchNormMode t mode, const void *alpha, const void *beta, const cudnnTensorDescriptor t xDesc, const void *x, const cudnnTensorDescriptor t yDesc, *y, void bnScaleBiasMeanVarDesc, const cudnnTensorDescriptor t *bnScale, const void *bnBias, const void *estimatedMean, const void const void *estimatedInvVariance, double epsilon);

This function performs the forward BatchNormalization layer computation for inference phase. This layer is based on the paper "Batch Normalization: Accelerating Deep Network Training by Reducing Internal Covariate Shift", S. Ioffe, C. Szegedy, 2015.

Only 4D and 5D tensors are supported.

The epsilon value has to be the same during training, backpropagation and inference.



For training phase use cudnnBatchNormalizationForwardTraining.

Much higher performance when HW-packed tensors are used for all of x, dy, dx.

| Param | Meaning |
|--|--|
| handle | Input. Handle to a previously created cuDNN library descriptor. |
| mode | Input. Mode of operation (spatial or per-activation). cudnnBatchNormMode_t |
| alpha, beta | Inputs. Pointers to scaling factors (in host memory) used to blend the layer output value with prior value in the destination tensor as follows: dstValue = alpha[0]*resultValue + beta[0]*priorDstValue. Please refer to this section for additional details. |
| xDesc, yDesc, x, y | Tensor descriptors and pointers in device memory for the layer's x and y data. |
| bnScaleBiasMeanVarDesc, bnScaleData, bnBiasData | Inputs. Tensor descriptor and pointers in device memory for the batch normalization scale and bias parameters (in the original paper bias is referred to as beta and scale as gamma). |
| estimatedMean, estimatedVariance | Inputs. Mean and variance tensors (these have the same descriptor as the bias and scale). It is suggested that resultRunningMean, resultRunningVariance from the cudnnBatchNormalizationForwardTraining call accumulated during the training phase are passed as inputs here. |
| epsilon | Input. Epsilon value used in the batch normalization formula. Minimum allowed value is CUDNN_BN_MIN_EPSILON defined in cudnn.h. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|------------------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The computation was performed successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: One of the pointers alpha, beta, x, y, bnScaleData, bnBiasData, estimatedMean, estimatedInvVariance is NULL. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|--------------|---|
| | Number of xDesc or yDesc tensor descriptor dimensions is not within the [4,5] range. bnScaleBiasMeanVarDesc dimensions are not 1xC(x1)x1x1 for spatial or 1xC(xD)xHxW for per-activation mode (parenthesis for 5D). epsilon value is less than CUDNN_BN_MIN_EPSILON Dimensions or data types mismatch for xDesc, yDesc |

4.92. cudnnBatchNormalizationForwardTraining

cudnnStatus_t CUDNNWINAPI cudnnBatchNormalizationForwardTraining(

| cudnnHandle t | handle, |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| cudnnBatchNormMode t | mode, |
| const void | *alpha, |
| const void | *beta, |
| <pre>const cudnnTensorDescriptor t</pre> | xDesc, |
| const void | *x, |
| <pre>const cudnnTensorDescriptor t</pre> | yDesc, |
| void | *y, |
| <pre>const cudnnTensorDescriptor t</pre> | bnScaleBiasMeanVarDesc, |
| const void | *bnScale, |
| const void | *bnBias, |
| double | exponentialAverageFactor, |
| void | <pre>*resultRunningMean,</pre> |
| void | <pre>*resultRunningInvVariance,</pre> |
| double | epsilon, |
| void | <pre>*resultSaveMean,</pre> |
| void | <pre>*resultSaveInvVariance);</pre> |

This function performs the forward BatchNormalization layer computation for training phase.

| Only 4D and 5D te | Only 4D and 5D tensors are supported. | | |
|---------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | |
| The epsilon value | The epsilon value has to be the same during training, backpropagation and inference. | | |
| | | | |
| For inference phase | For inference phase use cudnnBatchNormalizationForwardInference. | | |
| | | | |
| Much higher perfo | Much higher performance for HW-packed tensors for both x and y. | | |
| Param Meaning | | | |
| handle | Handle to a previously created cuDNN library descriptor. | | |
| mode | Mode of operation (spatial or per-activation). cudnnBatchNormMode_t | | |
| | | | |

| Param | Meaning | |
|--|--|--|
| alpha, beta | Inputs. Pointers to scaling factors (in host memory) used to blend the layer output value with prior value in the destination tensor as follows: dstValue = alpha[0]*resultValue + beta[0]*priorDstValue. Please refer to this section for additional details. | |
| xDesc, yDesc, x, y | Tensor descriptors and pointers in device memory for the layer's x and y data. | |
| bnScaleBiasMeanVarDesc | Shared tensor descriptor desc for all the 6 tensors below in the argument list. The dimensions for this tensor descriptor are dependent on the normalization mode. | |
| bnScale, bnBias | Inputs. Pointers in device memory for the batch normalization scale and bias parameters (in original paper bias is referred to as beta and scale as gamma). Note that bnBias parameter can replace the previous layer's bias parameter for improved efficiency. | |
| exponentialAverageFactor | Input. Factor used in the moving average computation runningMean = newMean*factor + runningMean*(1-factor). Use a factor=1/(1+n) at N-th call to the function to get Cumulative Moving Average (CMA) behavior $CMA[n] = (x[1]++x[n])/n$. Since $CMA[n+1] = (n*CMA[n]+x[n+1])/(n+1) = ((n+1)*CMA[n]-CMA[n])/(n+1) + x[n+1]/(n+1) = CMA[n]*(1-1/(n+1))+x[n+1]*1/(n+1)$ | |
| resultRunningMean, resultRunningInvVariance | Inputs/outputs. Running mean and variance tensors (these have the same descriptor as the bias and scale). If these tensors are initially uninitialized, it is required that exponentialAverageFactor=1 is used for the very first call of a complete training cycle. This is necessary to properly initialize the moving average. Both of these pointers can be NULL but only at the same time. The value stored in resultRunningInvVariance (or passed as an input in inference mode) is the moving average of the expression 1 / sqrt(eps+variance[x]) where variance is computed either over batch or spatial+batch dimensions depending on the mode. Note that both of these pointers can be NULL but only at the same time. | |
| epsilon | Epsilon value used in the batch normalization formula. Minimum allowed value is CUDNN_BN_MIN_EPSILON defined in cudnn.h. Same epsilon value should be used in forward and backward functions. | |
| resultSaveMean, resultSaveInvVariance | Outputs. Optional cache to save intermediate results computed during the forward pass - these can then be reused to speed up the backward pass. For this to work correctly, the bottom layer data has to remain unchanged until the backward function is called. Note that both of these parameters can be NULL but only at the same time. It is recommended to use this cache since memory overhead is relatively small because these tensors have a much lower product of dimensions than the data tensors. | |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|------------------------|--|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The computation was performed successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: One of the pointers alpha, beta, x, y, bnScaleData, bnBiasData is NULL. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|--------------|--|
| | Number of xDesc or yDesc tensor descriptor dimensions is not within the [4,5] range. bnScaleBiasMeanVarDesc dimensions are not 1xC(x1)x1x1 for spatial or 1xC(xD)xHxW for per-activation mode (parens for 5D). Exactly one of resultSaveMean, resultSaveInvVariance pointers is NULL. Exactly one of resultRunningMean, resultRunningInvVariance pointers is NULL. epsilon value is less than CUDNN_BN_MIN_EPSILON Dimensions or data types mismatch for xDesc, yDesc |

4.93. cudnnBatchNormalizationBackward



This function performs the backward BatchNormalization layer computation.

| Only 4D and 5D tensors are supported. | | |
|---|---|--|
| The epsilon val | ue has to be the same during training, backpropagation and inference. | |
| Much higher performance when HW-packed tensors are used for all of x, dy, dx. | | |
| | | |
| Param | Meaning | |
| handle Handle to a previously created cuDNN library descriptor. | | |

| Param | Meaning |
|--|--|
| mode | Mode of operation (spatial or per-activation). cudnnBatchNormMode_t |
| alphaDataDiff, betaDataDiff | Inputs. Pointers to scaling factors (in host memory) used to blend the gradient output dx with a prior value in the destination tensor as follows: dstValue = alpha[0]*resultValue + beta[0]*priorDstValue. Please refer to this section for additional details. |
| alphaParamDiff, betaParamDiff | Inputs. Pointers to scaling factors (in host memory) used to blend the gradient outputs dBnScaleResult and dBnBiasResult with prior values in the destination tensor as follows: dstValue = alpha[0]*resultValue + beta[0]*priorDstValue. Please refer to this section for additional details. |
| xDesc, x, dyDesc, dy, dxDesc, dx | Tensor descriptors and pointers in device memory for the layer's x data, backpropagated differential dy (inputs) and resulting differential with respect to x, dx (output). |
| bnScaleBiasDiffDesc | Shared tensor descriptor for all the 5 tensors below in the argument list (bnScale, resultBnScaleDiff, resultBnBiasDiff, savedMean, savedInvVariance). The dimensions for this tensor descriptor are dependent on normalization mode. Note: The data type of this tensor descriptor must be 'float' for FP16 and FP32 input tensors, and 'double' for FP64 input tensors. |
| bnScale | Input. Pointers in device memory for the batch normalization scale parameter (in original paper bias is referred to as gamma). Note that bnBias parameter is not needed for this layer's computation. |
| resultBnScaleDiff, resultBnBiasDiff | Outputs. Pointers in device memory for the resulting scale and bias differentials computed by this routine. Note that scale and bias gradients are not backpropagated below this layer (since they are dead-end computation DAG nodes). |
| epsilon | Epsilon value used in batch normalization formula. Minimum allowed value is CUDNN_BN_MIN_EPSILON defined in cudnn.h. Same epsilon value should be used in forward and backward functions. |
| savedMean, savedInvVariance | Inputs. Optional cache parameters containing saved intermediate results computed during the forward pass. For this to work correctly, the layer's x and bnScale, bnBias data has to remain unchanged until the backward function is called. Note that both of these parameters can be NULL but only at the same time. It is recommended to use this cache since the memory overhead is relatively small. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS T | The computation was performed successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | At least one of the following conditions are met: |
| • | Any of the pointers alpha, beta, x, dy, dx, bnScale, resultBnScaleDiff, resultBnBiasDiff is NULL. Number of xDesc or yDesc or dxDesc tensor descriptor dimensions is not within the [4,5] range. bnScaleBiasMeanVarDesc dimensions are not 1xC(x1)x1x1 for spatial or 1xC(xD)xHxW for |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|--------------|---|
| | Exactly one of savedMean, savedInvVariance pointers is NULL. |
| | epsilon value is less than CUDNN_BN_MIN_EPSILON |
| | Dimensions or data types mismatch for any pair of xDesc, dyDesc, dxDesc |

4.94. cudnnDeriveBNTensorDescriptor

```
cudnnStatus_t CUDNNWINAPI cudnnDeriveBNTensorDescriptor(
    cudnnTensorDescriptor_t derivedBnDesc,
    const cudnnTensorDescriptor_t xDesc,
    cudnnBatchNormMode_t mode);
```

Derives a secondary tensor descriptor for BatchNormalization scale, invVariance, bnBias, bnScale subtensors from the layer's x data descriptor. Use the tensor descriptor produced by this function as the bnScaleBiasMeanVarDesc and bnScaleBiasDiffDesc parameters in Spatial and Per-Activation Batch Normalization forward and backward functions. Resulting dimensions will be **1xC(x1)x1x1** for BATCHNORM_MODE_SPATIAL and **1xC(xD)xHxW** for BATCHNORM_MODE_PER_ACTIVATION (parentheses for 5D). For HALF input data type the resulting tensor descriptor will have a FLOAT type. For other data types it will have the same type as the input data.

Only 4D and 5D tensors are supported.

 \mathbf{P}

derivedBnDesc has to be first created using cudnnCreateTensorDescriptor



xDesc is the descriptor for the layer's x data and has to be setup with proper dimensions prior to calling this function.

| Param | ln/out | Meaning |
|--------------------|--------|---|
| derivedBnDesoutput | | Handle to a previously created tensor descriptor. |
| xDesc | input | Handle to a previously created and initialized layer's x data descriptor. |
| mode | input | Batch normalization layer mode of operation. |

| Return Value | Meaning |
|------------------------|---|
| CUDNN_STATUS_SUCCESS | The computation was performed successfully. |
| CUDNN_STATUS_BAD_PARAM | Invalid Batch Normalization mode. |

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